The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,041—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1890.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO. WINCARNIS. OLD, NATURE, AND INVALUABLE.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Fridays.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7th Feb.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	14th "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21st "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	28th "
PENINSULAR	3,877	3,000	W. J. Webber	7th Mar.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	14th "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21st "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	28th "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4th April.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	11th "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	18th "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	25th "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2nd May
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	9th "
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	16th "

The Steamers marked R L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Marseilles and London.

Those marked A to Aden only, and Passengers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles or London will be forwarded from Aden to Suez by Special Train.

Return tickets are issued, including Railway fare between Brindisi and London, by the mail route, and names are registered and places in the Sleeping Cars secured free of charge.

Passengers should take their Tickets at the Master Attendant's Office, Apollo Bunder, at 2 p.m. on the day of sailing. Passengers must be at Prince's Dock or G. I. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captains.	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
PENINSULAR	3,877	3,000	W. J. Webber	25th Mar.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captains.	On or about
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1890.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	P. Harris	12th Feb.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	R. Harvey	27th Feb.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	W. Allison	14th Mar.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	W. A. Seaton	27th Mar.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

Rates of passage money and other particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 6th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for NAPLES and Ports of Italy every alternate Wednesday, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

FARES to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 170 for Saloon, Second and Third Class, respectively, including Table.

Cabin and Steerage Passengers will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Regulations.

Special Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
NUBIA	5,000	800	20th Feb. 1890.
RAVENNA RUBATTINO	3,000	900	10th Mar. 1890.
ROMANO BALLOUINO	4,000	800	1st April 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain CIRCULAR RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK at greatly REDUCED RATES, viâ the Canal or Nagles, AT Rs. 450 and Rs. 300, and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 225 and Rs. 150, respectively, inclusive of food, to which no additions return, only 10 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG

Steamer.	To sail.
[illegible]	On the 5th February 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONE,
Agent.
Navigation Stamps, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, January 15, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Cuisine and Attendance on board of every Steamer unsurpassed.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Rs. 320	Rs. 220	Rs. 80

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 620	Rs. 420

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

EXTRA STEAMER TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MARIA THERESA	B. Deperis	4200	650	25th Feb.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey each and to Trieste.

For BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd of each month.

Passengers can book their Luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lemonich	4 600	650	15th March,

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Masowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MEDUSA	G. Stettel	2,930	550	21st Feb. '90

Cargo received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., ap ly to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Success House, 99, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 26th Dec. 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th February 1890 at 3 p.m. FOR DJIBOUTI and ADEN in connection with the Steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Passage to London.

Passengers should embark in the Princes Dock by 1 p.m. the Steamer will clear at 3 p.m and sail direct.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Passengers booked to Liverpool direct; those booked to Marseilles only (steamers marked M), go on board the Tender with passengers for both ports, and those booked to London can book through to London at Marseilles. Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Cuisine and attendance of the best description. Cows and an experienced Milkman are carried on board each steamer. Cabins are on the upper deck. For freight and passage apply to

W. S. [illegible] & Co.,
[illegible]

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m. on or about 9th February, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Karrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Basrah, in the Persian Gulf, and Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Basrah, in the homeward, or any order, if sufficient inducement offers.

FOR KURRACHEE VIÂ MATTIWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,163 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 5th February.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 6th February, at noon, on Hog at noon Cargo can only be accepted. Further cargo can be accepted on application to the undersigned.

FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD" 1,271 tons, on or about 15th February.

FOR LARKANA VIÂ KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,976 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 5th March.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSSORAH," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 4th February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 4th February, 1890. Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favorite Passenger Steamer "CITY OF EDINBURGH," 2,650 tons, Captain HARRAN, will leave the DOCKS, Alexandra Dock, on or about the 15th February, 1890. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two spacious Cabins, Bath-rooms and every convenience for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.
Bombay, 13th January 1890. Agents.

CHEAP PASSAGES.

THE MACIVER LINE S. S. "ETOLIA," 3150 tons, will SAIL for Plymouth about 5th February and Hull early in March.

Passengers Doctor and Stewardess.

Cabins amidship, and electric light.

S. S. "LANCASHIRE," 4320 tons, Lieut. Harris, R. N. R.

This Magnificent steamer has splendid accommodation for a limited number of passengers, will sail about 1st February. She is expected to reach Marseilles in 15 days, has electric lighting throughout. Carries a Stewardess, Rs. 325 to Marseilles.

Apply to

Messrs. KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
37, Eight stone Circle, Bombay. Agents.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. PASSENGER SEASON, 1890-90.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON have pleasure in inviting the attention of members of the Civil and Military Services to a number of the advantage of the new and much improved [illegible] accommodation of the P. & O. Company's Vessels by their system of Registration of Forward Bookings, by which the names of intending Passengers are registered, and from which parties are selected and grouped together in specially selected Cabins.

For further particulars and dates of sailing of Steamers of the P. & O. and other Lines see Cook's "Overland Travellers' Gazette," containing Telegraphic Code, post free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
11, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SILVER SMELLING BOTTLES, EAU DE COLOGNE BOTTLES, SCENT OR TOILET BOTTLES.

TREACHER'S NEW SMELLING BOTTLES, Manufactured of Solid Silver, Lined with Glass.

	Rs. a.
Richly Chased "Arabesque" Pattern.....from	27 0
Plain Silver " " ..... "	16 0
Richly Chased Japanesque " ..... "	27 0
Fluted Square " ..... "	37 0
Spiral Fluted, Richly Gilt and Chased Pattern..... "	35 0
Fine Crystal with Silver Top ..... "	13 8
Union Crystal for Scent and Salts..... "	10 8
Straight Fluted Crystal with Silver Top ... "	3 0
Queen Anne Pattern Crystal Spiral Fluted.. "	13 8
Fancy Red and White China with Silver Top "	3 0
Union Smelling Bottles for Salts and Aromatic Vinegar. Silver Gilt Tops, Plain or Chased, in the following Colours:—	
Ruby, White, Blue, and Green ..... "	16 0
Ruby, White, White Chrystal with Silver Gilt Tops inlaid with Coral and Pearls... "	30 0
Do. do. Inlaid with Turquoise and Corals "	30 0
Do. do. with Hinge arranged so as to stand, upon the Table, Plain or Engraved Silver Gilt Tops, in White, Blue, Green, Amber and Ruby, Crystal ..... "	18 0
Eau de Cologne Bottles, Handsome Cut Glass, with Sterling Silver Mounts ..... "	20 0
Queen Anne Pattern Eau de Cologne Bottles in all Sterling Silver ..... "	33 0
Torpedo Shape do. ..... "	16 0
Do. Engraved and Gilt ..... "	20 0
Fancy Camac Glass Smelling or Toilet Bottles with Silver Tops..... "	12 8
The New Book Shape Scent Flasks with Sterling Silver Screw Tops ..... "	6 12
Solid Silver Smelling Bottles, Fluted Pattern ..... "	14 0
Do. Watch Shaped, Plain Fluted ... "	10 8
Do. do. Fluted and Chased..... "	10 0
Do. do. Plain..... "	25 0
Imitation Flower Eggs with Silver Gilt Tops ..... "	16 0
Scent or Toilet Bottles suitable for Perfume or Eau de Cologne to stand on Toilet Table—	
The "Duchess" Pattern, Finest Chrystal Cut Glass, with Solid Silver Hall Marked Tops..... "	20 0
The "Princess" as above with Solid Silver Embossed Tops, about 6 inches high..... "	34 0
Scent Sprinklers, Silver Mounted in Richly Cut Glass, about 8 inches high ..... "	36 0
Scent Bottles and Vinaigrettes combined with Engraved Silver Gilt Mounts in a variety of Colours..... "	30 0

TREACHER AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

"WHOSE VERY SOUL IS MADE OF FLOWERET'S BREATHS."

GYMKHANA BOUQUET. { KEMP'S } GYMKHANA BOUQUET.

This rare Essence owes its wonderful strength and delicacy to the distillation of the richest perfume-yielding flowers, brought from the most favoured parts of the world.

It is a lasting and refreshing Perfume, peculiarly suitable for the Ball-Room, Carriage, or

GYMKHANA.

The blending is perfect, and its great age wonderfully develops its rare

BOUQUET.

Per Bottle Rs. 2 Per Case Rs. 2-8.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Re. 1-8 for one [illegible]

WRITING DESKS, STATIONERY CABINETS, &C.

WE have now in Stock a large Assortment of the above in Russia, Morocco, Persian, and Roan Leather.

THE PRINCESS WRITING DESK. Rs. a.

A most convenient and useful article, fitted with Paper, Envelopes, Pen, Pencil and Ink Bottle, with space for Post-cards and Stamps, Roan Leather, size 13 by 5½ by 10 inches...Rs. 38 to 47 0
Morocco do. do. 50 0
Russia do. do. ..... [illegible]

THE IMPERIAL WRITING DESK.

Double-folding Desk, Lined Roan, fitted with Screw Top Ink Bottle, Pen Tray, Ivory Ruler, Pen-knife, Scissors, Memo Tablet, Paper Knife, Paper Envelopes, Blotting Book, &c., Nickel Handle and Brannah Lock—

Roan Leather size 12 by 9 by 5 in 25 0
Do. do. 12 by 9½ by 6 in..... 34 0
Russia do. 12 by 9 by 6½ in..... 80 0
Morocco do. 14½ by 6½ by 10½ in..... 112 8

THE CONNAUGHT WRITING DESK.

Fitted with Pen, Pencil, Note paper, Envelopes, &c., Nickel Plush Handle—

Roan Leather size 10½ by 6 by 4½ in..... [illegible]
Do. do. 12 by 9 by 5½ in..... 30 0
Do. do. 14 by 9½ by 5½ in..... 35 0
Dicod Persian do. 12 by 9 by 5 in..... [illegible]

THE DUDLEY WRITING DESK.

With Self-closing Ink Range, fitted with Paper Knife, Scissors, Blotting Book, Pen, Pencil, Paper, Envelopes, &c., with Memo. Tablets—

Roan Leather 12 by 9½ by 9½ in..... 44 0
Morocco do. do. 75 0

THE "GRANVILLE" WRITING DESK.

Fitted with Paper and Envelopes, E. Plate [illegible] Ink Bottle, Blotting Pad, Scissors, Penholder, Pencil, Memo. Tablet, &c.

Rs. a.
Roan Leather, Size 14½ by 10½ by 6½ in..... 45 0
Dicod Persian, Size 14½ by 10½ by 5 in..... 68 0

THE "WOLSELEY" WRITING DESK.

Fitted with Note Paper and Envelopes, Pen and Pencil, Paper-knife, E. P. Mounted, Ink Bottle, Blotting Book, Spare Pockets, &c.

Morocco Leather, size 14½ by 6½ by 11 in..... 69 0

THE "EMPERES" WRITING DESK.

Rs. a.
Fitted with Note Paper and Envelopes, Pen, Pencil, Paper-knife, E. P. Mounted Ink Bottle, Blotting Pad, &c., &c.

Roan Leather, size 16 by 10 by 5½ in..... 38 0
Russia do. size 13 by 9 by 6½ in..... 42 0
Morocco do. do. do. 48 0

WRITING DESKS, suitable as School [illegible]

Fitted with Paper, Envelopes, Paper Cutter, Pen, Pencil, &c.

Roan Leather, size 12 by 8½ by 3½ in.,
Rs. 16 to 22 8
Do. do. Gilt Mounts..Rs. 27 to 32 0
Morocco do. size 12 by 9 by 4 in. 30 0

STATIONERY CABINETS.

Fitted with [illegible] of Note Paper and Envelopes to match, Ink Range, Pen, Pencil, Pen Holders, Ink Bottle, and Blotting Pad, Roan [illegible] 34 0

Reading, Cutting and Work Cases combined, fitted with Writing Pad, Pen, Pen Cleaner, Ink Bottle, Pen-wiper, Thread, Needles, Needle Case, Thimble, Pocket-knife, Scissors, Paper Cutter, Cocoa-nut Needle, Nail Cleaner, Pencil, Button Hook, Gilt Winder, &c., with Drawer for Trimmings, two sizes of Envelopes, Note Paper, Post-cards, Stamps, &c., Roan [illegible] 45 0

Writing Cases, superior quality, in Solid Leather, fitted with Pockets for Paper, Envelopes, Blotting Pad, &c., made especially for service or rough use, can be strapped to the Saddle—

Quarto size..... 21 8
with two large Pockets only..... 16 0
[illegible] 18 0

Writing Case and Blotting Books to match.

[illegible] 36 0
Dicod Persian Leather.....Rs. 24 to 31 8
Russia 54 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NEW PRICE LIST—A useful Handbook, describing the latest additions in { PHOTOGRAPHY } this fascinating art, and giving simple and plain instructions for beginners.

CAMERAS, DRY-PLATES, LANTERNS, MOUNTS, LENSES, LAMPS, KNIVES } MADE EASY. { SETS, CHEMICALS, FRAMES, PAPERS, SHUTTERS, PLATE RACKS AND SUNDRIES.

(Lofty and airy Dark Room on the premises.)

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

PURE, WHOLESOME, PLEASANT, ECONOMICAL.

MARINITCH AND CO.'S

CEYLON TEA.

CEYLON TEA stands unrivalled for its combination of strength and flavour; and this pure Tea gives a beverage pleasant and beneficial to those who drink it.

For pound [illegible]

Sole Agents [illegible]

KEMP & CO.

A Nov[illegible]

Per Bottle Re. 1-4. POONA Per Bottle Re. 1-4.

Healthy and Appetising. May be had "Sweet" or "Dry."

POONA, Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth. } PHILLIPS & Co., LD., { BOMBAY, Oriental Bank Buildings & Byculla Bridge.

STEREOSCOPES AND PICTURES.

SO simple are these instruments that they can be used by old and young.

Plain or coloured Photographs viewed through the lenses, stand out with the roundness and reality of natural objects.

Prices.

1 Stereoscope and 36 pictures ...Rs. 20.
1 Do. " 60 " .....Rs. 30.
1 Do. " 100 " .....Rs. 50.

KEMP & Co. Ld., BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO.'S NEW STATIONERY IN BOXES.

	Rs. a.
"HERALDIC," Thick Tinted Note, 50 Sheets, with Envelopes	1 2
"MEDIÆVAL," Thick Cream Laid, 40 Sheets, with Envelopes	1 0
CHROMATIC Tinted Rep., in a series of Beautiful Colours, 40 sheets, with Envelopes	1 0
CREAM REPPED PAPER, Albert Size, 40 Sheets, with Envelopes.....	1 0

FOR BRIEF CORRESPONDENCE.

CHIT PAPER and Envelopes, 48 Sheets, Grey, Granite, or Cream Laid..... 1 0
CORRESPONDENCE CARDS, 36, with Envelopes 1 0
Do. do. 50 do. do.... 1 2
UNION STATIONERY, White or Tinted, 2 quires 1 0

KEMP & CO., LD.,
CUMBALLA HILL AND BYCULLA.

BANJO TUITION.

PROFESSOR NOTT BARNES

TEACHES THE BANJO,

By his original and highly successful method from Music.

PROSPECTUSES AT
Messrs. ROSE and Co.
AND
Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered, from the BEST makers.

BRUSH DYNAMO, 16 Arc Lights (2,000 candle-power each)...	Rs.	600
Do. do. 10 " " do.		500
EDISON do. 66 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)....		400
GRAMME do. 20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Lucas. Lights of 20 c. p.		500
GRAMME DYNAMO, 10 Incandescent Lamps of 20 c. p...		180

GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.

INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 16 c. p.
INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.
Do. WIRE " 1 anna "

E. FISCHER & Co.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION Rs. 10 including free admission to the Exhibitions, and also privilege of bringing two Ladies to the Conversazione. First conversazione and private view of the Pictures will be held at the Secretariat on TUESDAY, Feb. 11, at 8-30 p.m.

H. W. ULOTH,
Honorary Treasurer.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OLD MATERIAL FOR SALE.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY 5th February, Tenders for the purchase of such portion of Lots of old material consisting of Fireboxes, Fishplates Bolts and nuts, spikes, skeleton wheels, steel tyres, aggregating about 715 tons now lying in the Store Yards, Wari Bunder, and Parel, where the same may be viewed on application.

Offers (quoting a rate per ton of 2,240 lbs.), weighed over and delivered on the spot) must be made upon the Company's forms to be obtained from the undersigned) and be sent in accompanied sup-ported by a deposit of Rs. 500 as security for the due fulfilment of the agreement; failing in which will forfeit both of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender, and all lots must be removed within two months from date of notification.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Store-keeper.
Store-keeper's Office, Parel, 21th January 1890.

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES and TOBACCOS.—From a long experience, both practical and experimental, as a General Tobacconist, I am warranted in assuring my constituents and the public in general, of my ability to give entire satisfaction as to character and quality of my manufactures and stock in trade. My special attention continues to be devoted to the development of every useful improvement tending to maintain the popularity of my goods.

SMOKERS' REQUISITES.—Replete with all the latest novelties, affording a selection not to be met elsewhere in India.

BENTWOOD FURNITURE.—As pioneer of this particular manufacture, and responsible for its first introduction into India, I continue to give this department my special attention. Purchasers will find this furniture cut-and-out the most suitable for India.

TABLE LINEN, &c.—The attention of Mess Presidents, Club Secretaries, and General House-keepers is respectfully requested to this speciality, and the large and varied assortment kept in stock. Pronounced by all who have used it the very best Nagory for India.

COOKING and WARMING STOVES.—In this department also I claim priority in the field and superior experience, confidently inviting comparison with other houses as regards variety of choice and General Equipment.

ENAMELLED IRON WARE.—These goods will be found of very superior quality, to which the ordinary export Enamelled Ware bears no comparison. Large stocks always on hand, ready for any emergency.

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS and MATERIALS.—Particular attention and care is devoted to this interesting department, and the large and increasing share of patronage received, is ample testimony to the High Class Quality of my goods, and their Special Fitness for the very varying conditions of climate in this Indian continent. The greatest precautions exercised in keeping stock so as to ensure articles being issued in a fresh and satisfactory condition.

J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY.

BLUETHNER!

BLUETHNER!!

BLUETHNER!!!

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.

OF

BOMBAY AND POONA

HAVE BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS

FOR

INDIA AND BURMAH

FOR

BLUETHNER'S CELEBRATED GRAND

AND

COTTAGE PIANOFORTES.

NEW Illustrated Price Lists have just arrived and will be supplied free on application.

AGENTS WANTED IN THE MOFUSSIL

SHIRTS "FOR ALL OCCASIONS."

"HOAR & CO.'S CELEBRATED" SHIRTS.

PRECISION WITH COMFORT AND EASE.

HOAR & CO.'S BEST LINEN. COLLARS FOUR-FOLD LATEST SHAPES.

HOAR & CO., { SHIRT-MAKERS, } BOMBAY.

GENTLEMEN'S SOCKS.

THORPE & Co.,

OUR STOCK in this Department we can with confidence The Socks are made Double Heels and Toes.

SEND SIZE OF FOOT IN INCHES WHEN

COTTON SOCKS.

Ex. Superfine, double heels and toes	[illegible]
Neat Stripes, a large choice of all the newest patterns	13 8 to 18 8

LISLE THREAD SOCKS.

Neat Stripes with double heels and toes	23 8
Navy Blue Extra Fine, can be worn as a dress Sock	26 0

MERINO AND CASHMERE SOCKS

Assorted Plain Colored Merino, a useful Sock	15 8
Extra Fine Merino of very superior quality colours, Fawn, Drab, and Brown	22 8
Extra Heavy Make, Brown Merino suitable for English Wear ...	29 0
The "New Sanitary" Sock, pure undyed wool	18 8
Fine Merino Sock, assorted fancy stripes, a splendid range of patterns...	18 8 to 22 0
Superfine Cashmere, colours, Maroon and Navy Blue	30 0

DRESS SOCKS.

	per pair.
Black Spun Silk, silk embroidered	5
Pure Silk, silk embroidered, best quality	8 8 to 9 8
Pure Silk plain colors	10 8
Black Silk with colored silk embroidered spot fronts	10 8

KNICKER-BOCKER HOSE FOR SPORTSMEN.

	per pair.
Plain Derby Ribbed Merino, Heather mixtures, fine ribbed tops ...	4 8
Navy Blue Derby Ribbed Cotton, superior make	3 12
Stout Hand-knitt ribbed Lambswool, in a variety of Heather mixtures	3 12
Do. do. superior quality	4 8

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.

KING, KING, & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are requested to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped &c Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for the [illegible] and [illegible].

IMPORTERS that rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and carefully [illegible] experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.

LOANS granted on easy terms, Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best ruling rate of the day.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application. Rate of [illegible]

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.

KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.

HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.

EVERY EVENING

4 to 12 P.M.

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION.

WORLD RENOWNED

MADRAS ACROBATS.

SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE CONCERT.

TOWN HALL.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY, 12TH, at 9 p.m.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AND LADY REAY

have kindly intimated their intention of being present.

PROGRAMME.

1. Organ Solo ..... March ..... Smart.
   Mr. MANT.
2. Duet ..... The Moon has raised her lamp above ..... Benedict.
   Mr. DOHERTY and Mr. HEBDITCH.
3. Violin Solo ..... Legende ..... Bohm.
   MR. FREYVOGEL.
4. Solo ..... "Caller Herrin" [...] Old Scottish.
   LADY MORLAND.
5. Solo ..... [illegible]
   Ma Reid
6. Solo ..... Ave Maria ..... Gounod.
   Mrs. WALKER.

Accompanied by Organ, Mr. MANT; Violin, Mr. FREYVOGEL; Flute, Sergt MACDERMOT, and Piano Mr. METAXAS.

INTERVAL OF FIVE MINUTES.

1. Organ Solo—Andante ..... Guilmant.
   MR. MANT.
2. Solo ..... Coeur de Lion ..... Stark.
   MR. HEBDITCH.
3. Piano Solo ...Scherzo in B flat minor...Chopin.
   MR. METAXAS.
4. Solo ..... [illegible]
   LADY MORLAND.
5. Solo ..... Scena from Faust ..... Gounod.
   MRS. WALKER.
6. Solo ..... On the Banks of Allen Water ..... Traditional.
   MR. ANDERSON CLARK
7. Trio ..... Queen of the Night ..... [illegible]
   LADY MORLAND, MRS. WALKER, AND MR. HEBDITCH.

AULD LANG SYNE.

CLUB MANAGER AND STEWARD

WANTED.—For the North-West Provinces Club, Allahabad; must be an Eur. peau, Sober, able to cater for large entertainments, and to undertake the General management of the Club under the Honorary Secretary.

Apply with Copies of Certificates to the Honorary Secretary.

OFFICERS of the P. W. D., who entered the service through the ROYAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, Coopers Hill, will hear of something to their advantage by applying to Messrs WILLIAM WATSON and Co., 9, Apollo Street, Bombay, and 27 Leadenhall Street, London.

WANTED.—A SUPERINTENDENT for the BOMBAY TRACT and BOOK Society's DEPOT. Commencing Rs. 100 a month, with 2 per cention monthly rebate (averaging probably about Rs. 50 a month). Previous business experience indispensable. Applications will be received by the undersigned not later than the 15th current.

(Rev.) A. B. WANN,
Honorary Secretary, Bombay, T. and B. Society.

AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING of the BOMBAY GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION will be held in the rooms of the Bombay Presidency Association, Hornby Row, Fort, at 5-30 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 5th instant, when the following business will be transacted:—

[illegible] Political Policy of Government.

To devise a scheme for organizing lectures.

R. K. R. CAMA,
Hon. Secretary.

NOTICE.

All enquiries are made by different [illegible] regarding claims against [illegible] city as a [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] & Co., 3, Mincing Lane, London, E.C., this firm's connection lasted only till July 1887, and [illegible] ATTORNEY is REVOKED in connection with Messrs. Watts [illegible].

Bombay, 5th February 1890.

B. N. KHAMBATA.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

1. TENDERS are invited for the Supply of TEAK-WOOD for the Executive [illegible] at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, Middle Colaba.
2. Tenders which must be sealed and accompanied by Rs. 25 as earnest money will be received at noon, on THURSDAY, the 13th February 1890.
3. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES DALLAS, Captain R.E.,
Executive Engineer Bo. Defences.
Bombay Defences office, Middle Colaba.

BASEL "MISSION" (BALMATHA)

TABLE-LINEN, TOWELS, COUNTERPANES, TROUSERINGS, COATINGS, &c., WEBSTER'S SHIKAREE CLOTH,

Very celebrated and suitable for Hunters, Engineers, and for travelling purposes.

The demand for this material is increasing year by year.

Ginghams, 27 and 34 inches wide, to stand washing, in checked, striped, and mixed patterns, for Ladies' and Children's Dresses.

Can be had from the DEPOT, No. 27, Hummum Street.

WARRANTED 18 CARAT GOLD

GUARANTEED LONDON MADE.

FULL SIZE ALBERT CHAINS.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART.
37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
ESTABLISHED 1847.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.
Within five minutes drive of Station.)
NEWLY FURNISHED.

Excellent Table and Lawn Tennis Grounds. A few rooms still available for approaching hot season.

SHIKAR AND PICNIC PARTIES ARRANGED.

FICHU BROOCHES.

LIGHT, delicate, and playful variations in PINS, HEARTS, and DARTS, TRANSFIXED INSECTS, ARROWS, HORSE SHOES, FLOWERS, a long succession of quaint adaptations from which an acceptable present can be selected.

MARCKS AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION of PICTURES, &c., will be OPENED to the Public by H. E. THE GOVERNOR, on WEDNESDAY, 12th February, at the Secretariat.

On THURSDAY, 13th February, a CONVERSAZIONE will be held for a Private View of the Exhibition, open only to Members of the Society and Lady Friends.

The Latest Batch of Selected Pictures and other Exhibits, in February 3, 1890. For Prospectuses and other particulars, apply to the HONORARY SECRETARY,

L. R. W. FORREST,
Secretary.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The [illegible] of [illegible] Announcements to [illegible] Notices;—Notices [illegible] Trade and Entertainments are [illegible] under this [illegible].

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth boards.—Price Rs. 5.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Short Building, Fort, Bombay.

"B. A." SCOTCH WHISKEY. A fresh shipment of this VERY OLD Whiskey has just been received from Glasgow and Sandemans, by their Bombay Agents—PHIPSON & Co.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Peroshaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view, and westerly breeze. Under European management.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale. Trial orders solicited.—ERANI HORMAZ SHETLAR, Oilman and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

If you want crockery, Cutlery, glassware, and other useful and fancy goods cheaper than other firms go to SEROFF BROTHERS, you will get 1 a Dinner Set for Rs. 16 only.

CEYLON TEA.—Rose Pekoe Re. 1-8, Flowery Orange Pekoe Re. 1-4, Orange Pekoe Re. 1 and Pekoe, annas 14 per lb. These teas are highly appreciated by those who try them. DANTRA and Co., Tea Merchants, 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

MRS. FANNIN (Surgeon-Major John Fannin) says:—Should she think of going to the Hills there is no Hotel she would rather go to than the RIPON HOTEL at Mahableshwar. Rooms are well furnished and clean."

WANTED.—A few more PUPILS to form a handy class of ten students preparing for the Matric to take Private lessons in English, Science, and Mathematics, or any of them. Apply sharp to V. A. B. A., formerly Head Master of an English Teaching School, and care of this paper. Terms moderate.

"ART STUDIO" FOR HOME DECORATIONS.—Mrs. W. H. McCANN, Diplomaed Artiste, gives lessons to Ladies in their different Arts. Lessons by letter to mofussil residents. A large assortment of art materials to select from, plush frames three-fold carved screens for Ladies' own paintings. Terra Cotta Novelties, Photographs, rustic devices, air pencils &c.—Care of TREACHER and Co., Byculla, or Mrs. W. H. McCANN, Belle Vue, Mazagon, Bombay.

REQUIRED, an ASSISTANT MATHEMATICAL TEACHER a European, Catholic and University Graduate. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 and free furnished quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials to The Revd JAMES DOUGAN, Principal St. George's College, Manor House, Mussoorie, N.-W.P.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! —The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BOMBAY SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND.—CLASSES MORNINGS and EVENINGS. Pitman's Proficiency certificate obtainable from England Speed certificates granted. JOHN PETERS, Certificated Teacher (1871.) Railway Bridge, Byculla.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LIFE ASSURANCE INSTITUTION.—Economical management, facilitating most moderate rates of premia, together with complete security. Agents—C. H. B. FORBES and Co., 3, Elphistone Circle, Bombay.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

STANDARD POLICIES.—Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal. Every facility for the despatch of business. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents, (Established 1871,) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay.

BREACH CANDY.—UNFURNISHED HOUSE, to let from 1st April 1890. Apply to R. BRANSON, [illegible]

MAHABLESHWAR.—TO LET, "West Wood" "Park Hall," "Reay Villa," "Race View," and many other bungalows of, from 2 to 6 bedrooms. Com: ex: views. Particulars Apply to Mr. CURSETJEE DADABHOY, Rupee Hotel.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class upper-storied and most comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate sitting-room. Terms moderate.

BOMBAY FINE ART SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION. PICTURES received, framed, exhibited, and returned. Framing executed by experienced workmen. The greatest care taken in the unpacking and repacking of Pictures. Pictures will be framed according to the Society's Rules. Charges moderate. B. F. Art Gallery. D. B. DINSHAW & Co.

PATENT SELF DIGESTIVE BREAD, can be had to order, at PEARCE'S, Church Gate Street.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

ROSES and other choice FLOWERS of the season, carefully packed and forwarded by rail. THOMAS BROMLEY, Valentine Lodge, Sangum, Poona.

SEWING MACHINES, Tricycles, Bicycles &c., of the finest make, with all the latest improvements.—H. GEYER and Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANOS thoroughly renovated and tuned by Professional Europeans, at moderate rate MARCKS & Co., Limited.

STONEY'S PATENT "SILENT" PUNKAH PULLEY perfectly noiseless, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Engineer, Marine Street, Bombay.

SWAINE and ADENEY.—Just received by the well known makers, riding, driving and hunting Whips.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonable. STUDIO, Esplanade Road, opposite Bombay Club.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 21, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED a large Supply of MUSICAL BOXES playing Native Tunes, with 1, 2, and 3 Springs and with Dancing Girls, &c., Rs. 80, 100, 150 250, 300 to Rs. 1,000. STEFFENAUER & Co., Bombay.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 33, Meadows Street, Bombay.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Meadows Street.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ballwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Ballwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. F. I. BALLWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillip and Co., at Rs. 1 each.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN to board and educate with her own. The greatest care would be taken of their health and physical training, with every comfort of a bright refined home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

WILLS in four different forms, Annas 8 each.

NOTICES.

APOLOGY.

HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

I THE undersigned ESSOOFALLY ABDUL HOOSSAIN, trading in Shaik Memon Street, in Bombay, as ABDOOL HOOSSEIN HEPTOOLABHAI hereby admit that I have knowingly SOLD as HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT in Kegs, bearing an imitation of Hubbuck & Son's well known trade-mark, paint of a quality very inferior to that manufactured by Messrs. Hubbuck and Son's and that I represented the same to be Hubbuck and Son's genuine white Zinc Paint though it was to my knowledge not manufactured by them at all, and I acknowledge that the paint seized by Messrs. Hubbuck and Son in my shop, under a search warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, was spurious paint such as that described above, I consent to the same being delivered up to Messrs. Hubbuck and Son's representative in Bombay, and I declare that I have no more paint in my possession or power bearing the spurious mark referred to, or any other imitation of Messrs. Hubbuck and Son's trade mark. I hereby PUBLICLY & HUMBLY APOLOGISE for having WRONGFULLY INJURED Messrs. Hubbuck & Sons in their trade, and for having injured their reputation, and I PROMISE never again to commit a SIMILAR FRAUD, and lastly I authorise Messrs. Hubbuck & Son to publish this apology in any manner they think fit.

ઇશુદ અલી અબદુલહુસેન સઇ
અબદુલહુસેન હબતુલાભાઇના
નામથી વેપાર કરનાર.

i.e. ESSOOFALLY ABDUL HOOSSAIN,
TRADING AS
ABDOOL HOOSSEIN HEPTOOLABHAI.

Bombay, 21st January, 1890.

CAUTION.

THOS. HUBBUCK & SON WARN DEALERS and others that steps have been taken to ensure in future a strict watch, and anyone found selling or exporting for sale spurious imitations of Hubbuck's Patent White Zinc Paint will at once be rigorously prosecuted.

THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON,
Offices, 21, Lime St., London.
Factory and Wharf Rateliff Ex-

PUBLIC MEETING.

Bombay, 31st January 1890.

THE SHERIFF OF BOMBAY.

DEAR SIR,—Please call a Public Meeting of the INHABITANTS OF BOMBAY for the purpose of arranging a suitable reception for H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR OF WALES.

The Meeting to be held in the Town Hall, on FRIDAY, 7th February 1890, at 5-15 p.m.

We are, Dear Sir, Yours faithfully.

Lyttelton H. Bayley.	F. Forbes Adam.
Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy.	Dinshaw Manockjee Petit.
J. Cama.	J. H. Sleigh.
Peroseshah M. Mehta.	M. C. Turner.
A. F. Beaufort.	E. C. K. Ollivant.
Vurjeewandass Madhawdass.	John Stiven.
	R. M. Sayani.
G. W. Roughton.	Sorabjee N. Bengalee.
Bensi Walton.	Manockjee N. Sanajee.
L. R. W. Forrest.	Damodher Thackersey
Muncherjee C. Maraban.	Mooljee.
Visbucandas Atmaram.	W. S. S. Bisset.
Kalickoose N. Kabrajee.	

IN accordance with the above requisition, I hereby give notice that a public meeting of the inhabitants of Bombay will be held at the Town Hall, on FRIDAY next, the 7th instant, at 5-15 p.m.

JOHN MARSHALL,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 3rd Feb, 1890.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS of the EUROPEAN CIVIL (late Uncovenanted) SERVICES desirous of signing the Petition to be presented to Parliament on their behalf this Session will find, at the office of Messrs. KING KING and Co., Standard Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay, blank forms for the purpose.

H. G. GELL,
Hon. Sec. *pro-tem* E. C. S. Association Bombay.
Byculla Club, 31st January 1890.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Gymkhana will be held in the Pavilion on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of February, at 6 p.m.

L. PENNY,
H. R. COBBOLD,
Honorary Secs.

INDIAN IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have been appointed Agents for the above Company for the transaction of Marine risks on the Merchandize [illegible] & Co.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

1. TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of TEAK DOORS, WINDOWS, and other wood-work for the Executive Engineer, Aden, of which full particulars may be obtained at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, Middle Colaba.
2. Tenders, which must be sealed and accompanied by Rs. 100 as earnest money, will be received at 12 noon, on MONDAY, the 10th February, 1890.
3. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES DALLAS, Captain, R.E.,
Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences.
Bombay Defences Office, Middle Colaba, 28th Jan. 1890.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

COCOANUT OIL.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of COCOANUT OIL required by the Company for eleven months, commencing the first day of March, 1890, estimated at 300 tons.

Tenders which must be on the Company's form sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be received by the Acting Agent at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on Wednesday, 5th February, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Forms of Tender can be obtained, and samples seen upon application to the undersigned.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 28th January 1890.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OLD RAILS FOR SALE.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on WEDNESDAY, 5th February, Tenders for the purchase of any quantity upto 1,000 tons of old Iron Rails, double headed section of various lengths, from 12 to 21 feet, now lying on the company's premises Wari Bander, Mazagon, Bombay, where they may be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Offers must be made on the Company's Form to be obtained from the undersigned. The same must specify the quantity required, the rate per ton weighed over on the spot or delivered by the Company into barges to be provided and placed by the Purchaser alongside the Wharf, and the date by which the whole quantity tendered for will be paid for and removed from the Company's Premises.

Payment must be made before delivery—

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING,
Store-keeper.
Store-keeper's Office, Parel, 24th January 1890.

COURT OF THE EXTRA JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, QUETTA.

SUIT No. 114, 1889.

ABDULLAH, Son of MOMAN Contractor .....Plaintiff
vs.
NOWROJEE DHUNJEEBHOY PROPRIETOR, Bombay Parsi Original Opera Company .....Defendant.

To,

NOWROJEE DHUNJEEBHOY.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has instituted a suit in this Court against you for Rs. 1629-11-0, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person, on the 21st day of February, 1890, at 11 o'clock noon, to answer the abovenamed plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 20th day of January, 1890.

(Seal.)

W. A. INGLE,
Extra Judl. Asst. Commissioner.

NOTICE

TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS.

I HEREBY give notice that Messrs. NORRIE MITCHEL & Co., of Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay are no longer my Agents, for any purpose whatsoever.

I have appointed as my Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Messrs. SORABJEE BEHRAMJEE & Co., Engineers &c., of Bombay, who are empowered to act for me and on my account in all business transactions, and to whose all in justice regarding my machinery, etc., should be addressed.

SAMUEL BROOKS,
Cotton Machinist.
Union Iron Works, West Gorton, Junction Iron Works Newton Heath, Manchester.

WITH reference to the above Notice, I am now prepared to execute orders for Cotton Machinery, Mangles, Steam Engines, Boilers, &c. SAMUEL BROOKS will be happy to receive Commissions.

SORABJEE BEHRAMJEE and Co.,
Engineers and Machinery Importers, Kennedy, Bombay

PILSENER BEER.

KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.

First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the label without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGAR, Sub-Agent.

Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or references for payment in this city.

Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS.

This preparation has been before the public for many years, and has steadily gained in popular favour.

It contains a suitable quantity of Quinine in each dose, combined with the active principles of other well-known medicinal plants, viz., Gentian, Lavender, Burdock, Sarsaparilla, Saffron and Dandelion, mixed scientifically and in happy proportions, thereby forming a Tonic Bitters *positively unequalled*.

The QUININE BITTERS are not recommended to cure "all ills that flesh is heir to," but They give tone,
They strengthen the system,
They improve the appetite,
They give new heart and "go" to all who have lost strength and spirits through long illness;
They revive the spirits, and as such are recommended to people who wish to avoid, or abstain from intoxicants.
They steady the nerves,—as patients who have suffered from sleeplessness, arising from over exertion and anxiety, frequently testify.
They are purely vegetable, and are suitable to all ages, from the infant to the adult, but are peculiary adapted to delicate females.

We shall be pleased to forward a Pamphlet containing Testimonials received from different districts.

We are also in a position to refer any *bona fide* inquirers to responsible people in almost every district, who can speak from experience of the beneficial effects of the QUININE BITTERS.

SPECIMENS OF TESTIMONIALS.

14, Market Square, Wellington, Salop,
December 31st, 1888.

Gentlemen,—I find that GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS sell well; and many customers have told me how effectual they have proved for their particular complaint.

* * * *—Yours truly,
J. HALL, Dispensing Chemist.

"Observer" Office, Mumbles, Swansea,
March 25th, 1889.

Dear Sir,—I have much pleasure in testifying to the efficacy of GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS in cases of loss of energy and mental depression. One bottle completely proved of inestimable benefit to me.

Yours truly,
ROBERT MORRISON,
Editor "Mumbles Observer."

It is confidently recommended for CLERGYMEN LAWYERS, MERCHANTS, and PROFESSIONAL MEN generally who have to devote themselves to

STUDY AND BRAIN WORK;

To CLERKS, SHOP ASSISTANTS, SEMPSTRESSES, and all who

WORK LONG HOURS IN CLOSE ROOMS;

To the TIN-PLATE and IRON WORKER,
To the COLLIER and MINER, and
others who have to

BREATHE IMPURE AIR;

TO FARMERS, QUARRYMEN, LABOURERS,

and all who have to stand

EXPOSURE TO THE WEATHER;

IT GIVES

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK,
HEALTH TO THE SICK,
AND
ENJOYMENT IN LIFE TO ALL.

FRAUDULENT COUNTERFEITS.

We are particularly anxious to caution the public against the attempts of some Members of the Trade to pass substitutes, or even counterfeits of our preparation. Ask plainly for GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS, and see that the name GWILYM EVANS is on label, stamp, and bottle. Every bottle sent out of the laboratory is prepared according to his recipe, and under his direct management.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists in Bombay and Up-Country at Re. 1 and Rs. 2 per bottle.

References can be made to Mr. NURSILAL DAMODHERDAS MAPERA, No. 7, 3rd Bhoiwada.

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.

Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.

Hon. John Bell-Irving.	H. G. Michaelson, Esq.
W. G. Beadle, Esq.	J. R. Moses, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq.	L. Possnecker, Esq.
J. S. Holliday, Esq.	N. A. Siebs, Esq.
Hon. S. Layton.	E. A. Solomon, Esq.

Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., Ld.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON,	HONGKONG,	SHANGHAI.
Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Hilo.	San Francisco
Bombay.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Lyons.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	Manila.	Yokohama.
Peking	New York.	
	Hamburg	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.

Terms for shorter periods on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.
Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL .....£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32 Threadneedle Street, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

X. CASTELLI,
Rampart Row, W. Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... $ 584,400.
REST..... " 163,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—

FIXED, for 12 months .....5 per cent. per annum.
" ..... 4 per cent. "
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balance.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

A Bagnigge and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and West End Branch has been opened at 26, Cockspurs St, Trafalgar Square.

C. W. C. [illegible]
Manager.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and [illegible]

[illegible] Rooms made comfortable [illegible] and a charming view all round. Apply to

NARAYAN FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Egatpuri.

INSURANCES.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, Limited.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security, also [illegible] in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.L.A.,
Managing Director.
Albert Building, Bombay.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.L.A.,
Secretary.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 1834.

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM

REDUCED BY

ANNUAL CASH BONUSES.

No other Company in India can render such a Record of Substantial Cash Bonuses paid Annually to its Policy-holders for a period of Half a Century.

KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Bombay Branch.

1st May 1889.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£3,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS,

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW BOOKS BY G. A. HENTY.

WITH LEE IN VIRGINIA.—A Story of the American Civil War. With 10 full-page illustrations by GORDON BROWNE, and 6 Maps. Crown 8vo., cloth elegant, 6s.

BY PIKE AND DYKE.—A Tale of the Rise of the Dutch Republic. With 10 full-page Illustrations by ALYNARD BROWN, and 6 Maps. Crown 8vo., cloth elegant, 6s.

ONE OF THE 28TH.—A Tale of Waterloo. With 8 full-page Illustrations by [illegible]. Crown 8vo., cloth elegant, 6s.

To be had of all Booksellers.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., [illegible] any size, [illegible] Country [illegible] Clubs with the finest Vintages [illegible] long well-known Marks:—

FAGE AND SANDEMAN & Co., [illegible]
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Palermo.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
FREDERIC JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Chateau d'Ay.
HERBERT IRROY, Rheims.
ROEDERER PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co., Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Weesp-on-Rhine.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESSWELL & Co., Gibraltar.

Price List on Application to

PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,

Custom House Road,

SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS OF

CROFT'S Very Old Tawny Port Wine.
GONNE CROFT & Co.'s Finest Old Scotch Whiskey.
DAVID SMITH & Co.'s Scotch Whiskey.
ARDMONAGH Whiskey.
GLEN MUCKKIN Whiskey.
STANLEY and GRIMM'S Clarets, Chablis, Sauternes, and Burgundies.
JULES GRIMMOND Three Stars Brandy.
THIERRY & Co.'s Cognac (extra fine quality) Brandy.
P. HINE & Co.'s Fine Old Pale Cognac Brandy.
GENUINE Allasch-Doppelt Kummel.
LAGARDE & Co.'s Seltzer, &c., &c., &c.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
BOMBAY.

FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—

Duc de Montebello Champagne	qts.	Rs. 30 per dozen.
Do. Do.	pints	Rs. 32 per case of 2 doz.
Bruder Kleinenberg Grau.		
Dry Burgundy Red Champagne,	quarts	Rs. 36 per dozen.
Messrs. Cossart, Gordon & Co.		
Madeira Choice Reserve	quarts	Rs. 36 per dozen.
Old Particular	--	Rs. 25 "
Selected	--	Rs. 20 "

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.

EVERY MAN

INTERESTED in the subject of [illegible] physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent for three stamps. Address Mr. E. NORTON, 249½, High Holborn, London Eng.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.

Being a reprint of two Letters to the [illegible] and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK,

Price 8 Annas,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. TREACHER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" COOPER, MADON and Co.,
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Orangegate [illegible] per month, including [illegible] Horses bought and sold on Commission and sold by Auction, Rs. 12. Horses [illegible] towards buying and selling of horses will receive our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 25. Horses [illegible] during the monsoon at Rs. 5 per month. Practical English Farrier and every class of [illegible] horse.

HOT WEATHER

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.
First Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Bombay Gymkhana half-yearly general meeting, 6 p.m.
Switchback Railway.
Music at the Parsee Gymkhana, 5-15 p.m.
Bombay Graduates Association, 5-30 p.m.
Music at the Parsee Gymkhana, 8-15 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.
Chatto's Grand Circus.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 4th:—Chindwara (s), from Calcutta; and Karagola (s), Karachi via Kathiawar Coast.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Bushear (s), Muscat, &c.; Nurjehan (s), Coast and Calcutta; and Nowshera (s), Calcutta, Rangoon, &c.

NOTICE.—Mails for Persian Gulf close at Kurrachee at 8-30 a.m., to-morrow.

BOMBAY GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION.—The adjourned general meeting of the Bombay Graduates' Association is to be held this evening at half-past five.

THEFT ON BOARDSHIP.—M. Rocher, the second engineer of the s.s. Labourdonnais, lying in the Prince's Dock, reports the theft of a silver open-faced watch and a nickel chain attached, valued at Rs. 35, from his cabin on Monday last.

ALLEGED THEFT OF JEWELLERY.—Superintendent Brown yesterday made an application to Mr. Cooper for orders as to the disposal of a box, containing articles of gold and silver jewellery, of the value of over Rs. 1,000. It appeared that they had been stolen from a goldsmith, and were recovered from a man on suspicion.

SUDDEN DEATH.—An inquest was held yesterday by the Coroner at the morgue, respecting the death of Jeewa Teja, an oilman employed at the Hindustan Mill, Parel, aged 40 years. On Monday about 5-30 p.m., he suddenly fell down, and died. The verdict was "That the death of Jeewa Teja was caused by the bursting of a blood vessel."

BURGLARY.—A woman named Hajeera, residing at Negpada, reports that her room was broken into on Monday last during her absence, and eleven copper vessels, valued at Rs.19-8, stolen therefrom.—Shaikh Abdool Koshoboosen, residing at Hoosein Moola, reports that his house was broken into on Monday while he was at a masjid in that locality, a box forced open, and gold ornaments, to the value of Rs. 400 or Rs. 500, stolen therefrom.

BREACH OF THE ABKARI ACT.—A Goanese, named K henlow, was yesterday placed before Mr. Cooper, charged with having infringed the Act relating to the importation of liquor into Bombay. Mr. Maidment, Abkari Inspector, appeared to prosecute. The man had imported five bottles of cajoo liquor, but as it appeared that he had simply sent for it, for medicinal purposes, having lately been suffering from illness, his Worship only affected a nominal fine of ten rupees.

UNDER A WRONG IMPRESSION.—A Parsee yesterday made an application to Mr. Cooper, at the Esplanade Police Court, to the effect that he wanted to be sent to the hospital at Ratnagherry. When asked his reason for such an unusual request, he said he had heard that his Worship was in the habit of granting orders for such cases as his, and he had in consequence of this, come before him. His Worship advised him to take his passage in a steamer, and he had no doubt that when he arrived at Ratnagherry, the Magistrate there would grant his application.

MUSIC AT THE PARSEE GYMKHANA.—The following programme will be played by the Portuguese Union Band at the Parsee Gymkhana Marine Lines, at 5-15 this evening:—

March.....Companions in Arms.....E Newton.
Overture.....La Mascotte.....E Newton.
Valse .....Fond Memory.....J M Massey.
Polka .....New Master .....Faust.
Galop.....Harriers .....Marius.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THEFT OF GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS.—Mowjee Sowjee, residing at Bhaudup Road, on the Port Trust Estate, discovered on Wednesday last, that a box belonging to him, containing gold and silver ornaments and cash property, to the collective value of Rs. 1,058, had been stolen. Shortly afterwards one Kasam Ahmed went to the Sydenham police-station and informed the police that a man named Jeewan Carson had left a box in his shop and made off on seeing a crowd collect near it. The police, on going to Kasam's shop, found Mowjee Sowjee's box, with all its contents safe. A search is being made for Carson.

CRICKET CLUB ENTERTAINMENT.—The Bombay Cricket Club gave a special dramatic entertainment on Sunday on the boards of the Novelty Theatre in celebration of their eleventh anniversary. Mr. P. R. Kapadia, B. A., ably delivered a prologue in the costume of a Venetian nobleman, which was followed with the comedy of Pakli Pavas. The second part of the entertainment consisted of two English pieces, both of which were rendered without any fault. In the first, Cherry Bomee, Mr. Wallace shone off in his role of Gregory, and in the next, "There he goes." Mr. D. E. Gandar as Billy Call the barber kept the house in continued roars of laughter.

THE CHARGE AGAINST THE ASSISTANT COLLECTOR OF BROACH.—A correspondent writes:—"Government having instituted inquiries in the matter of the alleged high-handedness of the Parsee Assistant Collector of Broach, through the Collector of the District, the relatives of the deceased were ordered to be present before the Collector. But as they were in Bombay at the time the orders were received, the Bombay committee, which has lately been formed to take up the cause of the injured parties, asked their solicitors to inquire of the Collector if he could institute the inquiry here. Reply in the negative having been received, Mr. Gilbert, of the firm of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, with Mr. Chimonlal Harilal Setal Wad, of the local bar, have proceeded to Broach along with the relatives of the deceased Brahmin woman.

FURIOUS DRIVING.—Two men were yesterday placed before Mr. Cooper, at the Esplanade Police Court, charged with driving in a manner likely to endanger human life, and thereby causing hurt to a pion named Balu Sukaram, in the employment of the Fort Trust. It seemed that as the complainant, who had been much hurt, and was unable to stand, as he gave his evidence, said that as he was looking into a shop, near Mody Bay, on the afternoon of Monday last, the two accused drove by at a furious pace, on the wrong side of the road. They each had a cart which they were driving abreast, and were apparently having a race. The complainant was struck by the wheel of one of the carts before he had time to move out of their way, and was injured on the knee. The shopkeeper, at whose shop the man had been standing, gave corroborative evidence, and his Worship, thinking that the mischief was caused by the negligence of the second of the accused, ordered him to pay a fine of Rs. 5, of which Rs. 3 were to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

THE BOMBAY PATRIOTIC INSTITUTION.—A correspondent writes:—"The school owes its existence to Messrs. Govindrao Luxuman Marathe and Wassudeo Hari Sathe, who by their strenuous and zealous efforts have brought it to such a flourishing condition, that it may be compared with other similar enterprises of a private character. It will be proper here to give the various phases through which the institution has passed. The above-mentioned taking into consideration the then proposed abolition of the Anglo-Vernacular Schools, and the wish of the Government to hand them over to our local municipality, very wisely formed a plan of establishing an Anglo-Vernacular School, where the rich as well as the poor may be alike benefited. With this laudable view, on the 16th April, 1888, they opened a school in Kandawady Lane with only 20 boys. But the number was not adequate to their expectations. The proprietors, without losing heart, began their work with great ardour. Gradually the number of boys increased, and now it exceeds 350. As the students could not be conveniently accommodated in that house, they hired a large airy building in Girgaum Fallow Road. And now they have begun to realise their wish. The school now contains four Marathi and five English standards, and has been conducted by undergraduates and superannuated teachers from the Training College. The Royal Readers Series, instead of those of Howard's, are taught, and education on sound and liberal principles is imparted. It is shortly desired to add the fifth and sixth Marathi standards, so as to complete the whole Marathi course in the institution, and also two English classes, one for Public Service Examination and another for the Second Final Examination, which cannot be effected without having a sufficient number of at least twenty students in each new class. It is hoped, therefore, that all Hindu patriots and the true well-wishers of their children will willingly lend their hand to this institution and encourage the arduous and meritorious task undertaken by their fellow-men."

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 1.

Spilsbury, Capt, Bo, Rft on leave from Matheran.

FEBRUARY 2.

Elliott, Major, Bo, 1st Bo Lancers, on duty to Deesa.

FEBRUARY 3.

Bancher, Lieut, Burma, 1st Manip, medical certificate from Bernard Myo.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 3.

Kellie, Major, Bo, 2-4th Rifles to rejoin to Kamptee.

FEBRUARY 4.

Beck, Lieut, Bo, Staff Officer, on leave to Poona.
Bliss, Lieut, Bom, 3rd H C Cavalry, to rejoin to Hingoli.
Warner, Lieut, Bo, 3rd H C Cavalry, to rejoin to Hingoli.
Pinnes, Lieut, Ma, 5th Inf H C, from furlough to Aurungabad.
Povah, Major, Bo, R Dublin Fusrs, to rejoin to Neemuch.
Moore, Surgn, Bo, I M S, on general duty to Poona.

FEBRUARY 5.

Jacob, Col, Bo, Staff, on duty to Mandvi.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. R. AMBLER, Commanding Bo. Vol. Rifle Corps.

Bombay, 5th February, 1890.

1. The class of instruction for Proficiency certificates will assemble at Head-quarters at 4-45 p.m. this evening, and every Wednesday, until further orders.

2. The annual meeting of the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Association will be held at Ghorpuri on the 10th instant, and following days. Intending competitors are requested to get their tickets by application at Head-Quarters before the meeting, if possible.

3. "F" Company class-firing will commence on Friday the 21st instant and close on Friday, the 28th instant. Any member not completing his class-firing within the prescribed time and not being efficient, will not be eligible for Lieut. De Saone's Prize.

4. Volunteer R. Cope is transferred from "B" to "F" Company from this date.

5. There will be Company drill for "F" Company to-night at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's College.

By Order,
T. W. C. LEATHER, Captain, and Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding Bombay Vol. Artillery.

Bombay, 5th February 1890.

1. Detail.—Orderly officer for the day—Lieut. J. S. Slater. Next for duty—2nd Lieut. L. Penny, and Orderly Sergt. Sergt. W. Tate.

2. The Battery will parade for the annual practice at 6 a.m. and 4-45 p.m. Members not parading at the Camp can join the Battery 10 minutes later, and up to 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.

3. The Battery will parade on Saturday next, the 8th instant, at 4-30 p.m. at St. John's Church, Colaba, for the annual inspection. Dress—Uniform and helmets with ball, badge and chin-chain. Arms and accoutrements to be worn. Members unable to attend, must obtain leave in writing from the Commanding Officer through Sergeants in charge of sub-divisions without delay, stating in their applications the reasons for their absence. Those who obtain leave through illness must furnish a medical certificate with their applications.

By order,
A. LESLIE, Captain,
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(*Gazette of India*, February 1.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Surg D F Barry, M D, Bengal Establishment, which are placed permanently at the disposal of the Govt of the N-W Provinces and Oudh by Home Department Notification No 321, are hereby placed permanently at the disposal of the Govt.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Mr J C E Branson, Depy Acct Genl, Bombay, is granted furlough for eighteen months.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieut S H Godfray, R S C, Wing Officer, 94th Regt, Bo In, and Actg Asst Pol Supt, Thayetmo, is appointed to officiate as Pol Asst of the 3rd class, and is posted as Asst Pol Assistant Thet Chaungall, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut-Col T Deane, Bengal S C, Depy Secy to the Govt of India, Mily Dept, and offg Director, Army Remount Depts in India, is confirmed in the latter appointment, *vice* Col B Williams, C B, deceased.

Col T A Cooke, A p, Dist Staff Officer, 1st class, to be Asst Adjt Genl as Army Head Quarters, *vice* Col K D Murray, D S O, appointed 1st Asst Adjt Genl.

Col C L Harvey, Wiltshire Regt, to be Dist Staff Officer, 1st class, *vice* Col Cooke.

Hyderabad Contingent.—1st Infantry.—Second Lieut H K Dalyell, Lancashire Fusiliers, a candidate for the Beng S C, to be offg Wing Officer on probation.

Brigade-Surg H Potter, MD, Ind Medl Service, Beng Establishment, to be Medl Storekeeper, Mhow Mfg.

Col A C Tolme, C B, Bengal S C, offg 1st and Major J E Broadfoot, S S, offg 2nd Depy Secretaries, are confirmed in those appointments, respectively, in succession to Lieut Col Deane, appointed Director, Army Remount Depts in India.

Capt and Brevet-Major S Grant, R E, Executive Engr, 2nd Grade Mily Works Dept, Offg Asst Secy, to be Asst Secy, sub pro tem, *vice* Major Broadfoot.

The sub pro tem. appointment of Col (now Major-Genl) Sir J Browne, K C B, C S I, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, as Qr-mr-Genl in India, is confirmed.

Lieut T E Hardy, Worcestershire Regt, Wing Officer, 5th Inf'y, Hyderabad Contingent, is admitted to the Beng S C, subject to confirmation by the Secy of State for India.

Second Lieut E N Davis, Royal Munster Fusiliers, appointed by the Secy of State for India a probationer for the Ind S C, is posted to the Bo S C, with effect from the date of his arrival in India.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the S C, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—

Col E B P P Campbell, C B, Beng S C, (Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, Punjab Frontier Force, for one year.

Lieut-Col E B Money, Beng S C, 2nd Regt of Punjab Cavy, Punjab Frontier Force, Dist Staff Officer, 1st class, for one year.

Capt J E Main, Beng S C, 2nd Regt of Punjab Inf, Punjab Frontier Force, Depy Asst Adj Genl for Musketry, for 256 days.

Lieut R G Egerton, Beng S C, (Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, Punjab Frontier Force, for one year.

Lieut W W Norman, Beng S C, 2nd Regt of Punjab Cavy, Punjab Frontier Force, for one year.

Lieut R Mc A Johnston, Beng S C, 15th (Gareton's) Mooltan) Regt of Bengal Cavy, for one year.

Lieut W S Browne, Bengal Staff Corps, 6th Regt of Punjab Inf'y, Punjab Frontier Force, for one year.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the S and C Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Lieut W Stewart, Beng S C, 10th (the Duke of Cambridge's Own) Regt of Bengal Lancers, for 275 days.

Lieut E J E Swayne, Beng S C, 16th (the Lucknow) Regt of Bengal Inf'y, for one year.

The undermentioned warrant officer is granted furlough out of India:—

Condr J McQueen, Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners, (m c) for one year, under rule VI of the regulations of 1875.

The undermentioned warrant officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate:—

Condr E Garrett, Ord Dept, for one year.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secy of State for India:—

Major G S Byrn, Beng S C (d p s) for seven days.

Capt A Pemberton, Beng S C, (d s) for 122 days.

Brig-Major S G Mackay, (m c) for 22 months.

His Excellency the Governor-General of India has been graciously pleased to approve of the 1st Regt of Punjab Cavy, Frontier Force being designated as Lancers "the 12th (Prince Albert Victor of Wales') Regt of Punjab Cavalry."

The undermentioned Colonels have been transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:—H W Baldock, Bengal S C; Surgeon-General Madras, C F Bradlaw, Bombay, J O Hall, Bombay, H A Reeves, Madras.

Promotion.—The following promotion is made (subject to H M's approval):—

Second Lieut E N Davis, Royal Munster Fusiliers, to be Colonel in the Army—Lieut-Col J Cook, Beng S C—27th Jan 1890.

Retirements.—Col G Alexander, Beng S C, is permitted to retire from the service.

Condr T J Ellis, Commissariat Dept, Bengal, is promoted to the rank of Dep't Asst Commissary.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Appointments, Cashiering, Leave, &c.—Troop Sergt Major G C Rodigues to be Second Lieut.

Calcutta Vol Rifle Corps.—Messrs. A S Trautin and W G Gregory to be Second Lieuts. to complete the establishment.

East Indian Railway Vol Rifle Corps.—Lieut J E Campbell is transferred to the supernumerary list.

Mauritius Vol Rifle Corps.—Lieut D J Welsh, Border Regt, to be Adjt, vice Capt O'Brien, resigned.

Cawnpore Vol Rifle Corps.—Capt A O Cubitt, Suffolk Regt, to be Adjt, 66th Regt from the 16th Jan, 1890.

Agra Vol Rifle Corps.—Mr J Stewart to be Second Lieut, to complete the establishment.

Calcutta Vol Rifle Corps.—Lieut M Z Martin to be Capt, and Second Lieuts J T Meade, J J FitzWilliam, M T Cox and H A Stewart to be Lieuts, to complete the establishment.

3rd Punjab (North-Western Railway, Vol Rifle Corps.—Capt J Bickid is granted the honorary rank of Major.

East Indian Railway Vol Rifle Corps.—Lieut T T Macklin resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Promotions.—P W Dept Notification relating to the promotion and reversion of Major G Hildebrand, RE, Supt'dg Engr, 3rd class, Supernumerary, Mily, W. Dept, are hereby cancelled. Major G Hildebrand, RE, is promoted Supdg Engr, 2nd class, temporary rank, Supernumerary, with effect from the 7th March 1886.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr B C Relf, second grade officer, Ind a Marine, has been granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of furlough (m c) for five months.

Capt E R Shopland, Ind Marine, Staff Officer, Bombay Dockyard, is granted furlough out of India (p a) for one year.

Retirements.—Engr A J Miller, Ind Marine, has been permitted by the Secy of State to retire from the service.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Major G F Wilson, RE, Ex Engr, 3rd grade, is, on return from leave, posted to the Establishment under the Director Genl of Railways for employment in the Office of the Director of the N W Railway.

Mr M Birkbeck, Ex Engr, 1st grade, sub pro tem, Bombay, Provincial Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Supdg Engr of the 3rd Circle, as a temporary measure, with the rank of Offg Supdg Engr, 2nd class.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to sanction the use of locomotive engines or other motive power, and carriages and wagons, to be drawn or propelled thereby on the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway.

The services of Col E Swetenham, SC, Supdg Engr, 1st class, N-W Provinces and Oudh, are replaced at the disposal of the Mil Dept.

Mr J Tait, Ex Engr, 3rd grade, State Railways, Depy Consulting Engr for Railways, Central Divn, is transferred to Burma for employment on Railways in that Province.

Mr R E Nelson, Ex Engr, 2nd grade, Assam, is on return from furlough, posted to Burma Provincial Establishment.

Mr F E Hutchinson, Examiner of Accts, on return from furlough, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Telegraph Accts.

Mr J L Tisdall, Ex Engr, 2nd grade, N W Provinces and Oudh, is granted special leave for a period of one year, with effect from the date of expiry of his present furlough.

Mr H J Richard, Ex Eng, 1st grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as a Sup Eng; while so officiating he will hold the temporary rank of Supg Engr, 3rd class.

Mr V C French, Apprentice Engineer, Burma, is promoted to Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade.

Lieut-Col G T Skipwith, R E, Supt'dg Engr, 1st class, sub pro tem, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engr and Joint Secy to Govt, N W Provinces and Oudh, during the absence of Lieut-Col C W I Harrison, R E, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

Mr R A Cordner, Ex Engr, 1st grade, N-W Provinces and Oudh, officiated as Supdg Engr till the afternoon of the 1st Jan 1890.

Mr A Grant, Ex Engr, 1st grade, N W Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Supdg Engr, vice Lieut Col Skipwith, R E, Offg Chief Engr and Joint Secy.

TELEGRAPH.

Mr E C L Hoeltzer, Asst Supdt, 2nd grade, Persian Section, Indo-European Telegraph Dept, was required to retire from the service, under the Civil Service Regulations.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to order the following permanent promotion in the Persian Section of the Indo-Eur Tel. Dept, with effect from the 8th Jan, 1890:—J. Farmer, Signaller, 1st grade, Assistant Supdt 2nd grade.

BANK OF BENGAL.

The Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's Establishment:—Mr W D McKewan, to be Actg Agent at Bombay vice Mr Slater, employed on special duty. Mr E H Y Warren, to be Actg Agent at Cawnpore, vice Mr McKewan.

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF RAILWAYS.

Mr W A Johns, Ex Engr, 4th grade temporary rank, is granted three months' special leave on urgent private affairs.

The following temporary promotions are made to class II, of the Superior Revenue Establishment:—

Mr C L Bisco, class III, grade I, Traffic Dept, Mr R Tickner, class III, grade I, Locomotive Dept.

Lieut J R E Macdonald, R E, Asst Engr, 1st grade, is posted to the N-W Railway.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Mr G G Riley, Chief Store-keeper, class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment, Stores Dept, is granted furlough for twelve months.

GENERAL ORDERS

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant-General's Office, Simla, January 25th.

The Commander-in-Chief has approved of the khaki helmet cover for mounted officers, worn by the R A in India, being made specially for British troops in India when they are ordered to be worn. The helmet cover has an inverted peak sewn on it, and is intended to be worn over the white puggri.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments:

Hill Depots, Murree.—Major C Williams, 1st Batn Rifle Brig, to be Conduct, vice Major J O Gage, who exchanges the 1st Batn Border Regt, prior to its embarkation for Burma.

2nd Gurkha Infantry.—Capt F P L White, S C, to be offg Wing Comdr, with effect from date of joining, vice Tomkins, on leave.

10th Beng Infy.—Lieut-Col C L Prendergast, 2nd-in-Comd, 25th Punjab Infy, to be offg Comdt, with effect from date of joining vice Palmer, on leave.

28th Beng Infy.—Major G B Austin, Wing Officer, 3rd Beng Infy, to be 2nd-in-Comd, vice Gowan, appointed Comdt.

Capt W L Boswell, Wing Officer, 33rd Beng Infy, to be offg Wing Comdr, with effect from date of joining vice Taylor, on furlough.

33rd Pioneers.—2nd Lieut J Randall, Royal West Surrey R-gt, a candidate for the Beng S C, to be offg Wing Officer on probation.

45th Sikhs.—Lieut F T Stewart, Highland Light Infty, a candidate for the Beng S C, to be offg Wing Officer on probation.

Lieut R G Cassely, R A, is directed to proceed from Rocklee to Bolarum and join No. 2 Field Baty, Hyderabad Contingent, for duty.

Notification has been received from the Home Guards that Major W G Thomas, 2nd Batn Manchester Regt, will be promoted to a half-pay Lieut Colonelcy from the 17th Jan 1890, on attaining the age of 49 years; and he is accordingly permitted to proceed to England on or after that date, travelling at the public expense.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieut: 2nd Lieuts C W W Gabb and C W D Pollard, Leinster Regt.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England.

Royal Artillery—Major E F Escher, 44th Fd Baty, for six months, on medl certificate.

17th Lancers—Lieut A Rawlinson, for six months, on medl certificate.

3rd Batn Rifle Brigade—Lieut J M S Stewart, for twelve months, on private affairs.

1st Batn East Lancashire Regt—Major H. Bannatyne, for twelve months, on private affairs.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India:

3rd Batn Derbyshire Regt—Lieut B W Bell, on private affairs, pending retirement from the service.

PROMOTIONS.—Rob van Turon and Bernays.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet sponge and then pressed a moment before, which gives exactly similar to the teeth, and is also a most delightful fragrance to the breath. It is a perfect and effectual preparation for the teeth, gums, &c., and is recommended by the dentists. The "Fragrant Floriline" being prepared by Rob. Piesse, of Bond and Chemists to the Queen, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price Rs. 2/- per bottle. Obtainable from Stationers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

THE WEATHER.

Bombay, Feb. 5.

1. The barometer readings are those taken at 8 a.m. Calcutta standard and reduced to the level of mean sea temperature (32° F.) and also of the gravity. The first column under the head "Pressure" shows the difference between the barometrical readings of 8 a.m. and yesterday at each station, and + prefixed to the number indicates that the barometer has risen and — that it has fallen.

2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade, or in a small shed with open sides, and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m.

4. The 3rd column under the head "Rainfall" gives the amount of rain in inches and hundredths of an inch fallen during the past 24 hours, and the 4th column gives the difference between the above and the mean of the previous 30 days. The 5th column gives the number of hours during the past 24 hours that rain has fallen, and the 6th column gives the number of hours during the past 24 hours that bright sunshine has been registered by the sunshine recorder.

5. The humidity is given as a percentage, saturation being 100. The 7th column gives the dryness of the air, or the amount required to saturate it.

6. The amount of cloud is expressed in terms of the number 0 to 10, 0 denoting a cloudless and 10 an overcast sky.

7. The last column under the head "Rainfall" gives the difference with its proper sign between the actual rainfall from 1st Nov. to date and the normal rainfall for the same period.

Stations.	Barometric Pressure. 8 a.m.	Barometric Pressure. Change in past 24 hours.	Barometric Pressure. Variation from mean of day.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Rate per hour.	Temperature in Shade. 8 a.m.	Temperature in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade. Variation from mean of day.	Humidity, 8 a.m.	Cloud.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Since 1st Nov. to date.	Rainfall. Variation.
Delhi	30·123	—·097	+·020	W	2	47·0	75·6	45·1	—4·3	36	...	...	0·66	—0·56
Agra	30·141	—·091	+·032	W	5	50·6	79·1	48·3	—5·1	34	...	...	...	—0·66
Allahabad	30·129	—·053	+·041	W S W	4	54·1	78·5	48·2	—4·6	41	...	...	0·62	—0·62
Jhansi	30·141	—·062	+·048	S S W	3	54·7	79·4	45·4	—2·6	31	...	...	...	—0·56
Jacobabad	30·112	—·107	—·007	Calm	1	40·7	79·4	39·1	—5·1	61	...	...	...	—0·36
Karachi	30·122	—·106	+·012	E N E	7	54·5	7	52·0	—3·2	70	1	0·03	...	—0·04
Ajmere	30·240	—·055	+·060	Calm	2	43·4	76·2	36·2	—7·7	52	...	...	...	—0·26
Deesa	30·084	—·067	—·005	N	2	58·2	86·2	52·9	+1·0	25	...	...	...	—0·20
Rajkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Neemuch	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indore	30·160	—·056	+·049	Calm	1	58·2	81·6	49·2	...	34	...	...	...	—0·24
Sangor	30·148	—·097	+·060	E N E	5	54·2	77·2	47·2	—3·7	33	...	...	...	—0·24
Jubbulpore	30·174	—·048	+·050	Calm	1	56·0	80·6	44·2	—3·6	46	...	...	...	—0·26
Hoshangabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandwa	30·150	—·021	+·052	N W	3	54·8	82·2	45·0	—7·5	35	...	...	...	—0·24
Raipur	30·072	—·074	+·008	N N E	5	54·2	86·0	52·2	+1·0	46	...	0·01	...	—0·20
Nagpur	30·096	—·072	+·019	N N E	5	52·2	83·2	52·2	+1·0	46	...	...	...	—0·20
Amraoti	30·109	—·038	+·035	E N E	5	52·2	80·1	52·2	+2·0	46	...	...	...	—0·20
Akola	30·102	—·045	+·012	E S E	6	53·4	80·2	50·6	—3·2	46	...	...	...	—0·20
Surat	30·063	—·054	+·022	N W	L	61·0	89·6	54·0	—2·7	31	...	...	...	—0·22
Malegaon	30·136	—·069	+·024	Calm	5	51·4	87·4	50·0	—3·2	31	...	...	...	—0·17
Bombay	30·065	—·057	+·026	N	3	71·2	84·1	67·6	+0·4	61	...	...	...	—0·05
Poona	30·117	—·057	+·035	Calm	3	66·2	90·1	56·2	+1·2	42	...	...	...	—0·20
Sholapur	30·087	—·071	+·016	W	3	69·7	93·2	60·1	+0·8	34	...	...	...	—0·24
Ratnagiri	30·068	—·053	+·046	Calm	3	74·3	87·4	69·4	+2·9	54	...	...	...	—0·20
Belgaum	30·068	—·077	+·030	N W	3	72·3	88·2	59·2	+1·7	44	...	0·24	...	—0·02
Goa	30·093	—·050	...	E	3	76·0	88·0	75·0	...	76	...	0·04	...	—0·0
Karwar	30·041	—·083	+·026	N E	2	70·6	87·2	67·4	+1·2	54	...	...	...	—0·12
Mangalore	30·046	—·051	+·039	N N E	2	70·4	87·6	72·4	+3·3	66	...	2·89	...	—0·10
Calicut	30·056	—·041	+·056	N E	2	77·6	88·6	72·0	...	64	...	4·03	...	—0·06
Cochin	30·067	—·042	+·078	S E	L	76·2	86·2	74·3	+1·9	72	...	2·85	...	—0·04
Bangalore	30·117	—·065	+·011	E	4	67·4	83·2	59·0	+1·5	65	...	1·20	...	—0·20
Secunderabad	30·103	—·070	+·005	Calm	3	64·5	89·7	61·4	+2·2	60	...	0·72	...	—0·24
Masulipatam	30·086	—·035	+·019	Calm	3	69·6	88·6	69·1	—0·4	70	...	0·96	...	—0·24
Bellary	30·093	—·059	+·048	Calm	3	71·5	91·0	64·2	+2·9	61	...	0·98	...	—0·22
Cuddapah	30·072	[illegible]	...	E	...	74·6	89·6	64·6	...	60	...	0·72	...	—0·22
Madras	30·079	—·052	+·010	N E	3	84·2	73·6	67·8	+1·2	70	...	10·57	...	—0·22
Coimbatore	30·131	—·016	+·057	S E	3	69·7	84·3	70·6	+0·6	85	3	1·00	...	—0·20
Trichinopoly	30·090	—·066	+·056	N N E	2	70·6	90·1	67·2	+1·6	70	...	5·06	...	—0·20
Nagapatam	30·070	—·055	+·037	N E	2	69·0	70·6	66·6	+4·8	84	5	10·00	...	—13·07
Colombo	30·086	—·049	+·071	N	3	79·0	84·0	71·0	...	76	3	10·71	...	—9·73

In columns wind rate per hour, L = Light, M = Moderate, F = Fresh, S = Strong, H = Heavy.
a Fine clear weather. b Gale of wind.

SUMMARY.—Pressure has decreased rapidly in the Punjab, North-West Provinces, Sind, Gujarat and also locally at Nagpur, Raipur, Secunderabad and Masulipatam, and generally briskly elsewhere. The distribution of pressure remains much the same as yesterday high pressures obtaining in Rajputana and low pressures off the West Coast. The isobars present no feature of any importance. Pressure continues to be above the average over the whole country except at Jacobabad and Deesa, where it is slightly below the normal. Winds are generally westerly to south-westerly in the Punjab and the North-West Provinces, north-westerly in Gujarat and also at Khandwa, Surat, Bombay and Belgaum, and north-north-easterly in most other districts. Wind force has been light to moderate, but this morning's observations show that winds are increasing in force at Raipur, Amraoti and Calicut. The maximum temperature is above the normal in most districts except on the Malabar Coast, to Mysore, and the Madras Presidency, where it is nearly average. The highest maxima exceeding 90° were reported at Sholapur 93° and Bellary and Akola 91°. Nights are very cool in Sind, Rajputana, the Punjab, the North-West Provinces and at Khandwa, and are moderately cool in all other places. The lowest temperatures below 40° were reported at Jacobabad and Ajmere. Humidity is rising in Sind and Rajputana, and skies are partially cloudy at only one or two places. No rain has fallen at any of the observing stations since yesterday. Pressure is nearly uniform over the greater part of the country and fine clear weather continues generally. Over Sind there appear some indications of weather becoming unsettled in the course of the next few days.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Chindwara, 1,486 tons Captain W S Smith, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via Coast ports, with a general cargo and 12 deck passengers.

THE BOMBAY AND PERSIA S N Co's steamship Sakhar, 400 tons, Captain W T Fairweather, cleared yesterday for Persian Gulf with a general cargo and 150 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Nowshera, 1,936 tons, Captain A Liddiard, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, Rangoon, &c, with a general cargo and one deck passenger.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S N Co's steamship Melpomene, 1,943 tons, Captain E Parisi, will sail to-day for Trieste, &c, with a general cargo, and Mr S Lang as cabin passenger.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Karagola, 597 tons, Captain J C Tice, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mrs Curtis, Mr W White, Mr J A Brown, Mr Farleigh, Mr de Costa, and 509 deck passengers on board.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—FEBRUARY 4.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Berths.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Labourdonnais	2172	Dell	A	M. Martineau Co.
,, C. Mercier	2145	Wilson	B	P. Muir & Co.
,, City of Edinburgh	2126	Barbean	D	Sir C Forbes & Co.
,, Hunara	1236	Campbell	K	Finlay Muir & Co.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MISQUITH STREETS.

[illegible]

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No 21, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT PAREL.

On FRIDAY, the 7th February next, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Shaik Ahmed bin Mahomed Ibrahim, Mochia and on account and risk of Joshi Bhimji Hurriram and Moolji Dandoder, the following valuable landed properties :—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate at Parel, in the island of Bombay, in the registration sub district of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement 3,8 square yards or thereabouts, being a portion of the large piece of land known as the Aagarbaug which is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under old Nos. 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 207, 274, 285 and 286, new Nos. 12,653, 12,654, 12,655, 12,889, 12,891, 12,903 and 12,907, Old Survey Nos. 201, 202, 231, 235 situated to the new Survey Nos. 7,010) and having a frontage of 210 feet upon the Parel Road. Aforesaid and bounded on the south by the Parel Road, on or towards the West and North by premises belonging to the said Messrs. Jos Camilla Sassoon, and on or towards the East by ground reserved for a passage of 25 feet in width. Together with the very substantial and costly buildings erected and in course of erection thereon, and still further added but already roofed in, consisting of several blocks of compartments, each consisting of a ground floor and two upper stories.

The premises are held along with others under an unexpired lease for the residue of a term of 99 years commencing from 1st October 1858. The ground Rent payable in respect of the premises to be sold amounts to Rs. 19-7 per annum.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Crawford, Burder Buckland and Bayley Solicitors to the Mortgagee, or to the undersigned.

SALE OF Commissariat Stores, preserved provision, Tea, Blankets, Ropes, Scales, ship logs &c. &c.

Under instructions from C. A. Turner Esq. The Receiver appointed in Suit Nos. 35 and 36 of 1889 Suleman Essa v/s. Vulibhoy Khambay and others Messrs. BENNETT JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on Friday the 7th February 1890 at 5 p.m. in the Godown in the Military store Lane Fort, (near the shipping office) the same comprising a number of tea chests, cases of boiled mutton, corned beef, essence of beef, soups, mixed vegetables, preserved potatoes, cocoa and milk, bar soaps, water filters, ship logs, gauze glasses, large copper boiling pots, copper scales, copper measures, iron and enamelled utensils, grain scoops, choppers, deck scrapers, girdles, coils of manilla ropes wire ropes, varnish, solid, borax, boots, slippers, leather belts &c. &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, February 5, 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No 21, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT PAREL.

On FRIDAY, the 7th February next, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Shaik Ahmed bin Mahomed Ibrahim, Mochia and on account and risk of Joshi Bhimji Hurriram and Moolji Dandoder, the following valuable landed properties :—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate at Parel, in the island of Bombay, in the registration sub district of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement 3,8 square yards or thereabouts, being a portion of the large piece of land known as the Aagarbaug which is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under old Nos. 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 207, 274, 285 and 286, new Nos. 12,653, 12,654, 12,655, 12,889, 12,891, 12,903 and 12,907, Old Survey Nos. 201, 202, 231, 235 situated to the new Survey Nos. 7,010) and having a frontage of 210 feet upon the Parel Road. Aforesaid and bounded on the south by the Parel Road, on or towards the West and North by premises belonging to the said Messrs. Jos Camilla Sassoon, and on or towards the East by ground reserved for a passage of 25 feet in width. Together with the very substantial and costly buildings erected and in course of erection thereon, and still further added but already roofed in, consisting of several blocks of compartments, each consisting of a ground floor and two upper stories.

The premises are held along with others under an unexpired lease for the residue of a term of 99 years commencing from 1st October 1858. The ground Rent payable in respect of the premises to be sold amounts to Rs. 19-7 per annum.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Crawford, Burder Buckland and Bayley Solicitors to the Mortgagee, or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 8th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong English-built clay-fronted victoria, with plated harness.

1 powerful chestnut Arab horse, 14-2½ goes in saddle and harness, very quiet.

1 strong second-hand light Victoria.

1 handsome powerful grey Arab horse, good action, very quiet, go in single and double harness.

RARE CHANCE TO SECURE FIRST-RATE HORSES AT A CHEAP RATE.

AUCTION SALE OF A NEW BATCH OF WALERS.

Under instructions from C. G. Baldock, Esq., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 8th instant, at 3-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Colaba, opposite the Company's Stables, 25 horses, to highest bidders. The horses are in very good condition, and they will either be ridden or driven at the sale.

Particulars of horses are in course of preparation, and will be ready on THURSDAY.

Horses will be on view from To-morrow.

On SATURDAY, the 8th February next, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Panorama House" Chinchpoogly Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plateglass, rich crockery and glassware handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, a walnutwood Cottage pianoforte by J. Steinman and Co., telegraphs and pictures, a handsome strong built victoria, a powerful grey Arab horse, &c., &c., the property of F. A. Spencer Esq.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

On MONDAY, the 10th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo street, opposite the old Secretariat, general consignments of fancy goods consisting of glassware, earthenware, walking sticks, ladies' companions, albums, toys, flower vases, inkstands, scent cases, money purses, pocket-knives, flowers and many other sundry articles too numerous to describe.

1 invoice of velvet and scarf caps of various sizes.

Ladies' and children's socks and stockings.

About 30 boxes of port wine and sherry.

SALE OF SALT BATTY GROUND AT CHINCHPOOGLY

On TUESDAY the 11th instant Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at 3 p. m., on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Sadashiv Rakhabandra, the following salt batty ground, to be sold in one lot :—

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold new salt batty ground, situate on the northern side of Arthur Road, Chinchpoogly, outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,861 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 149, and new No. 1,681A and new Survey No. 1-252, and bounded as follows : that is to say on the east by aforesaid Arthur Road, on the west by the G. I. P. Railway line, on the north by the ground of Tookaram Ramji Bindha, and on the south by the property, partly of Jamsetji Rustomji Falkiwala, Tookaram Ramji Bindha, Mansukh Bhowanee Hajeli, and Luxumon Bhagdi.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold new salt batty ground, situate in the northern side of aforesaid Arthur Road, Chinchpoogly, outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement eighty-five square yards, being a portion of the land herein before firstly described, but the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 149, new No. 1,681, and new Survey No. 1-252, and bounded as follows : that is to say on the east by vacant ground, on the west by the house of Luxumon Bhagdi, on the north by the ground of Ganoo Tookaram and on the south by the passage.

Thirdly.—All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold new salt batty ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house, hereditaments, and premises standing thereon, situate in the northern side of the aforesaid Arthur Road, Chinchpoogly, outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement eighty-two square yards, being a portion of the land herein before firstly described, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 149, new No. 1,681, and new Survey No. 1-252, and held by the Municipality under No. 110, and bounded as follows, that is to say on the east by vacant ground, on the west by the house of Luxumon Bhagdi Dhamale, on the north by a passage, and on the south by vacant ground of Luxumon Bhagdi Dhamale.

For further information apply to Messrs. Houghton and Byrne, solicitors for the mortgagee.

AUCTION SALE OF MILL STORES, MACHINERY, COALS, YARN, &C., &C.

On TUESDAY, the 11th Instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will under instructions from the Official Liquidator, Prince of Wales S. and M Company, Limited in liquidation, offer by public Auction at the mill premises in Chinchpoogly all the Cotton and other machinery just arrived, consisting of two new opener donkey engines, boiler suits, iron bars, fittings, beam scale with weights, shafting, leather rope, and straps, wheels, furniture, consisting of table clocks, cots, mathematical instruments, also about 1800 tons of David, go's West Hartley coals, and a few bundles of T. B. and mule yarn &c.

On THURSDAY, the 13th February, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 46, Sheriff House, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plateglass, rich crockery and glassware handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first rate telegraphs and pictures, handsome cabby and hacking horseline landau, handsome strong built victoria by Cooke GRAVELEY Hill, the property of Captain GRAVELEY, R.N.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on View 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, February 5th, 1890.

WALES! WALES!! WALES!!!

JUST arrived at Bombay, a SHIPMENT of [illegible] selected by Mr. Sam Craven Inspector, C.A. Bolton, Esquire, Commander of Commanding Carriage Fairy, from 15 hands to 16 hands 3 ins. high, weight carry [illegible] Apply to Mr. Thompson of Messrs. Cursetji Nowrojee & Co., No. 3, Hornby Row, opposite the Post Office.

FOR SALE,
BEST WHITNEY BLANKETS,
GUARANTEED PURE WOOL,
In White or Scarlet, and in various sizes.
JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., Ld.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS
AND BILLIARD-TABLE MAKERS.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST.
(TWELVE YEARS WITH THE LATE
Mr. E. M. WALTON.)
17, MEDOW STREET,
OPPOSITE NEUBERG & Co.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

S. N. KOYAJI'S
AID TO THE STUDY OF ALGEBRA
With solutions of the Bombay Previous Examination Papers (from 1876 up to date).
Price Rs. 3—Full cloth.

JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D.
L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.,
SURGEON-OBSTETRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON.
Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and Hospital for Diseases of Women, London,
CAN BE CONSULTED FOR
DISEASES OF THE
EAR, NOSE AND THROAT,
From 3 to 5 p.m.
10, CHURCH GATE STREET.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"
Is the universal opinion of everyone who has tried
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dimness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and certain in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY at 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having these and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

TRADE "SANITAS" MARK
DISINFECTANTS
(FLUIDS, POWDERS, SOAPS),
NON-POISONOUS, PLEASANT AND BEST
Used by more than 1,000 Boards of Health and Hospitals
Gold Medals, Calcutta 1883-84, Paris 1889, Antwerp 1885.
PAMPHLET FOR USE IN INDIA ON APPLICATO
"Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times*
"Safe, pleasant and useful."—*Lancet*.
Of all Chemists and Stores throughout India.
THE "SANITAS" COMPANY, Limited,
CONTRACTORS TO H. M.'s ADMIRALTY
Letchford's Buildings, Bethnal Green, London.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying Drawing Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair Share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed,

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF MATERIALS OF THE GOVERNMENT REMOUNT STABLES ON KENNEDY SEA FACE.

Under instructions from the Army Remount Agent. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on Kennedy Sea Face THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 5th instant, at 2 p.m.,

The materials of the stables which are 100 yards square, consisting of matting, ropes, baskets, brooms horse shoes, &c.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 5th Instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mount Road, Mazagon, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plateware, crockery and glassware, a handsome compartment pleasure by Stanley and Co., a strong open carriage, hired, cows, China and Japanese flower vases, table ornaments, pictures, carpets, garden plants, &c., the property of F. D. SPENCER, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 8th February, sale commencing at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hariharan Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plateware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome light victoria, a strong bay Arab horse, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c. the property of J. M. Anderson, Esq.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

RIFLES FOR SALE.

On MONDAY, next the 10th instant at 3 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction, at their Rooms

1. Double barrel breech-loading central fire rifle by Greener.

1. Double barrel breech-loading central fire gun and rifle combined by Wilkinson, London.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, February 5th, 1890.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
APOLLO STREET.

Messrs. SHERIFF, SON & Co. will sell by Auction at their rooms, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 6th instant, at 11 a.m. sharp, the following household furniture, consisting of chairs, tables, teapoy, whatnot, [illegible] and other household requisites. Glassware, China, [illegible] apparatus, &c., &c. :—

SHERIFF, SON & Co.

Bombay, February 5, 1890.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 4.

CONSOLS advanced ¼ per cent. in London yesterday, say to 97⅞, notwithstanding that the market rates of discount were ⅛ per cent. higher for short London Bills, and ⅛ for six months' sight. Indian Bank Paper at 4⅛ and 3⅞ per cent. respectively. Bar Silver, as quoted both by Reuter and private telegrams, was ⅛d. lower, at 44⅛d. per oz.; but last Friday's rates are repeated for Rupee Securities in each denomination. Indian Sterling Loan was also unchanged. French Rentes in Pairs were ⅛ per cent. down at 87⅞; Exchange on London was 1½ centime higher at fcs. 25·26½.

The Wheat and Seed Markets were unaltered at Friday's quotations. Coal Freights from Cardiff to Bombay were 1s. lower at 14s. 6d. per ton.

In Liverpool, the price of spot Mid.-American Cotton declined 1-16d. per lb., say to 6d.; while Arrivals were 5-64d. lower in most positions. February deliveries being quoted at 5 54-64d. and June-July at 5 63-64d. Prices of Surats on the spot were unaltered; but "Fine" Broach, with "Fully Good" clause, for February-March shipment, was done at 5 9-16d., which is 1-32d. below the price wired last Thursday. The market closed quiet, the Sales having amounted to 10,000 bales, inclusive of 700 Surats. The day's Imports were 33,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet.

The price of ready Mid.-Uplands in New York remained at 10 15-16 cents yesterday; but May Futures were 6 points higher, at 10·96 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 26,000 bales, making the total for comparison with the two preceding years as follows :—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Monday's Receipts.....	26,000	21,000	17,000
Two days' do.	47,000	37,000	35,000
Since 1st Sept. 1889.....	4,954,000	4,483,000	4,620,000

With a continuance of discouraging news from Liverpool, our market for the staple has quite lost the animation which characterised it a short time ago, and we can report no general improvement in demand, though there has been rather more enquiry for Bengals to-day, and some 600 bales are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 184-93 per candy; the only other business to speak of which has transpired being the purchase of a few hundred bales of Julgaum, at Rs. 208½. The market closed quiet, but without quotable change in rates.

WHEAT is still neglected by exporters and dull in tone, and an anna per cwt. less has been quoted to-day by dealers for Red Ahmedabad and Hard Red; but other descriptions are unchanged in value.

SEEDS remain in the same position, with a moderate business passing in a quiet market, and previous prices quoted for all descriptions.

The receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yester day were as follows :—

Cotton.....	19,846 bales.
Wheat.....	16,191 cwts.
Linseed.....	4,527 "
Rapeseed.....	4,730 "
Gingelly.....	7,125 "
Ground Nuts.....	10,814 "
Castor Seed.....	1,901 "

FREIGHTS are firm and advancing. Business has been done for this month's shipment to Antwerp and Liverpool for Cotton at 27s. 6d., and at closing 28s. 9d. per ton was asked. For March shipment, 23s. per ton has been done to Antwerp; 23s. 6d. to 23s. to Liverpool; and 22s. 9d. to Marseilles.

EXCHANGE has been weak and declining all day, and we close with rates for ready Bills fully 1-16d. lower. We quote forward Credits at 1s. 5 9-32d. to 3-16d. for March delivery; 1s. 5½d. for April, and 1s.5d. for May. The Calcutta market is also upset, and late telegrams from there are said to report another heavy decline in rates since the earlier part of the day. Our closing quotations for ready business must be taken as nominal :—

Bank Bills on Demand.....	1s. 5 3-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 5-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight...	1s. 5 9-32d.	"
Credits do. ...	1s. 5 7-16d.	"
Francs do. ...	1·33⅛	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been firm and advancing, and the cash rate for Four per cents. was quoted at 98½ during the greater part of the day, while the March account advanced to 98⅝; but there was a rather weaker feeling at Closing, and the cash price for the other denomination is now 100.

SHARES have continued without much movement, and Cotton Mill scrip generally is steady at previous quotations. We have, however, to notice a decline of Rs. 10 in Empress, and of Rs. 5 in Queen, at Rs. 570 and Rs. 737½, respectively; and an advance of Rs. 10 in New Great Eastern, at Rs. 625. Munmar Press shares are Rs. 5 lower, at Rs. 185. Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 50 higher, at Rs. 3,100 for th eFirst issue, and Rs. 15 up at Rs. 775 for the others. Treacher and Co. are Rs. 10 higher at Rs. 1,200 per share.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

FEBRUARY 4.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Mails for Persian Gulf closes at Karrachee at 8-30 on Thursday, 6th instant.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 4th Feb. 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	4	5	33	1	22
Teheran	4	7	25	...	41
Suez	4	7	48	...	29

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 4th Feb. 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	40	...	1
" Karrachee ...	...	10	...	1
" Madras... ...	2	25	...	2

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Feb. 4.—Barometer has fallen everywhere, from briskly to rapidly in north-western India; briskly in the greater part of the Peninsula. Relative distribution is unaltered and readings are highest in north-western and central India, but low over the Bay and off the west coast. Wind direction are generally unaltered, but numerous calms are appearing in the north and west of the Punjab. Temperature has generally risen, except in Burma, the central stations, and the west coast, where it has fallen. Differences are from normal to slight. Weather is very fine everywhere, and no rain. There are again signs of approaching change of weather in the north-west, but the season is so persistently dry that it is impossible to say to what extent indications will be fulfilled.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 3rd February, 1890.

Hours of observations at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 8 p.m.

[illegible]

THE GRAND NEW [illegible] AUCTIONEERING [illegible] BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

DUBASH—February 2, at [illegible] the wife of Mr Kawasjee Dadabhoy Dubash, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

FREER—January 28, at Simla, the wife of Major W. A. Freer, Royal Scots Fusiliers, of a son.

WILKINSON—January 30, at Jhansi, the wife of Mr Henry Wilkinson, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

MILLS—WHITTINGALE—January 18, at St. Peter's Church, Saugor, C. F. by the Rev G M Davies, M.A., Bernard Langley Mills, FRCS, Surgeon, Mr, to Florence, eldest d. of Capt. Alan T. F. Wh Grindale, late 5th Fusiliers, and daughter of the late Lieutenant-General W E Freese.

MATHIAS—SWINHOE—January 20, at the Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Rev H McCarthy, Leonard John Mathias, Bombay Staff Corps, eldest son of Major-General Mathias, Bengal Staff Corps, to Sarah, younger daughter of William Swinhoe, Calcutta.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

PARSEE CRICKETER.—The merits of the team have been so widely recognized that there is no need to answer criticisms upon their achievement.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1890.

LORD LANSDOWNE'S Government deserve credit for having in the opening days of 1890 initiated legislation upon proposals submitted to the Local Government by the Bombay Factory Commission so far back as February 1885. The Supreme Government have taken time to consider the question, but we must be content that now that they are beginning to legislate upon it they are doing so in a practical spirit, and with a commendable disregard of the wilder and obviously interested suggestions of Lancashire millowners. The Bill introduced into Council last Friday by Mr. Scoble is laid down upon modest outlines. It is proposed first of all to extend the protection of the Factory Act to the workers in factories in which not fewer than twenty persons are employed. The present minimum is a hundred, a number which was shown in 1884 to be much too high, since it is probable that there is considerably more that needs remedying in the smaller industrial establishments in a single locality of the city than in all the cotton mills in Bombay put together. The Commission in reporting upon those establishments pointed out that their operation were conducted under the most adverse sanitary conditions, ventilation being wholly absent, while the air was laden with animal matter in one case, and with fluff in the other, contaminating flour ground in the same room. "The extension of the law to these manufactures we consider peremptorily required on grounds of health, as also for the protection of the operatives from injury caused by unfenced machinery." The essentially interested character of the intervention of the Lancashire millowners in the discussion is shown in the fact that they entirely ignored the condition of the factories and workshops of which this seriously unsatisfactory account was given. On another point the recommendations of the Bombay Commission have been accepted by the Government of India as bases for legislation. The Government accept their suggestion that the minimum age at which children may be employed in a factory shall be raised from the existing standard of seven years to nine. The proposal, however, so far as it may affect the cotton mills will have no great practical effect. The number of mills employing child-labour is very small, and has lately shown a tendency to diminish. We doubt indeed if in Bombay more than half a dozen mills of any consequence employ children. The operation of the new regulation will be most largely beneficial in the mills and workshops to be newly brought under the Factory Act. Here, where all along labour has been unregulated, a large crop of evils have sprung up, and child-labour has been attended with pernicious incidents which it is high time for the legislature to do away with. It is to be noted, however, that the Government, while they propose the raising by two years of the minimum age of factory children, are not disposed to interfere with the provision of the existing Act which defines a child to be "a person under the age of twelve years." In this they are more conservative than the millowners themselves, for the Commission of 1884, nearly half the members of which were connected with the mill interest, recommended that the age limit should be raised to fourteen, a recommendation which we believe to be one that the public concurred in. The hours of adult-labour are confessedly long, too long for children of twelve to be occupied without risk to their physical condition. In the English Factory Acts the "young person" occupies a mediary position between the child and the adult. The "young person" has never been recognised in Indian labour legislation, and while that is so care should be taken not to withdraw too soon the protection which the Act offers to children. The factory worker (the male factory worker at all events) is either a child or an adult, that is to say he receives the full protection of the Act or none at all, and it seems to us that the age of twelve is too early for a boy to undertake the full day's labour of an adult mill-hand.

A new and important feature in the Bill is the provision to limit the hours of employment for women to eleven a day. The Act of 1881 is silent on that point, so that at present there is no legal obstacle to a woman working for fourteen hours a day. As a matter of fact, however, this would be exceptional, and we believe that the eleven hours a day now proposed as a maximum corresponds fairly to the average duration of the female mill-hand's day's labour. A proposal to limit the hours of female labour may in India, unlike in England, be considered strictly upon its merits. In an English mill the limitation of women's labour involves the limitation of male labour as well, for in the Lancashire mills there are about two hundred and sixty thousand women employed to a little over one hundred and forty thousand men, and the two sexes are to a large extent employed upon the same processes of production. In Bombay, however, the conditions and the proportions of labour are entirely different. There are roughly speaking four men to one woman, and the women being employed entirely upon reeling, spinning could go on without interruption in the few hours of the day or the few days in the month during which the law might insist upon their absence from work. If any practical difficulty were to result from a curtailment of the duration of women's labour, it would probably be met by an increase in the number of women employed. Again the four days' holiday in each month which the Bill proposes for women and children would scarcely reduce the working time of either class. Few of the Bombay mill operatives work on the average more than three hundred days in the year, so that the effect of this provision would only be to give a statutory character to holidays which are now customary and which the average mill-hand seldom forgets to take. The Government of India were probably right in assuming that in the matter of holidays the mill-hand was quite able to take care of himself. His six months' leave at his home in the country at frequent intervals, and his habitual independence of the mill regulations when he thinks a day's rest or a day's pleasure might do him good, have all to be taken into account when the holiday requirements of an Indian mill operative are estimated. Perhaps, however, the Government of India took somewhat too logical a view of the case when they advised Lord Cross last year that it was altogether unnecessary to insist upon the provision of a minimum number of holidays in the year. They forgot that Lord Cross had a public opinion at home to reckon with—sentimental and inadequately informed it may be, but a public opinion all the same,—and we are not surprised that he deemed it expedient to insist upon a provision of four days' holiday per month for women and children. Three of the provisions of the new Bill are almost exclusively sanitary in their purpose. That which insists upon the maintenance of an adequate supply of drinking water in the factories will apply chiefly to the smaller establishments which the Bill will for the first time bring under regulation. In the existing mills the operatives are as abundantly supplied with water as the boilers, and apparently they consume as much. So too with the sections aimed against improper ventilation, overcrowding, and cleanliness. Taken as a whole the Bombay mills by no means urgently invite the application of these provisions. The cubical area of the average Bombay mill is, as it of course should be, considerably greater than that of a well constructed Lancashire mill. The air space around is enormously greater than that around the mills in any of the larger Lancashire towns. In the smaller factories, however, whose condition was brought to the notice of the Commission in 1884, there is much room for the operation of the new provisions, and on their account the Bill may be welcomed.

It will be observed that the Bill is silent in regard to the system under which the inspection of factories is carried on in India. This subject, however, has not escaped the notice either of the Local or the Supreme Government. In the mofussil the inspection of factories devolves upon the magistrate of the district; in Bombay, where from the beginning of the Act down to 1887 a special officer lent by the Home Government was employed, the duties have been entrusted to an Assistant Collector. It is doubtful if the present arrangement in the mofussil could be improved upon, for, as the Government of India say, the number of factories is small, and their positions are so scattered that the area of the work of a special whole time inspector would be too extensive to allow him to make frequent visits. In Bombay itself, where there are now sixty-nine mills with over fifty thousand hands employed, the case is different. The Bombay Government, it is true, have expressed their satisfaction with the existing arrangement for the inspection of the Bombay Mills, and they deem the duties of the office to be so little exacting that they have entrusted the present incumbent with the additional duties of a professor in Elphinstone College. It should be added that no complaint has thus far arisen concerning the manner in which the inspection is conducted. But the conditions of the problem will be greatly changed as soon as the Bill becomes law. A large number of small factories will then come under inspection, many of them probably claiming, to begin with, a more vigilant oversight than mills of ten times their size. It may then be necessary for Government to revise the existing arrangement, and to act upon the powers which the statute already gives them to appoint a special inspector for the City and Island of Bombay. The question is really not one of personal fitness, for we believe that the mill-owners are, as a whole, satisfied with the way in which the duties of inspection have been conducted for some time past, while there is no reason to doubt that the interests of the operatives are well looked after. But so long as the appointment is marked off for a Covenanted Assistant Collector, there will be no fixity of tenure in it. Nomination to it will be made as often as not for reasons quite distinct from personal fitness for the post, and there will always be the danger that as soon as an official becomes acquainted with his duties, he may from considerations connected with promotion or departmental convenience be moved to another appointment. This is a view of the matter which is bound to impress itself upon the Government sooner or later, and it is well that the Government of India have intimated their expectation that the local administration will appoint a special officer whenever the circumstances render it desirable. The Bill itself will doubtless be taken into careful consideration by the Millowners' Association, and we hope that it will also be carefully looked into in the interests of the fifty thousand operatives in Bombay who are concerned in it.

IT is the easiest thing in the world to agree with the proposition that what is wanted to make the reception and entertainment of Prince Albert Victor a success is a long pull, and a strong pull, and a pull altogether. The phrase is not more elegant than it is original, but the sentiment is unexceptionable, and we are not aware that any who have shown an interest in the enterprise will dispute it. But the "pull" must be in the right direction, and must not have for its purpose the pulling down of work in process of achievement. If this is understood on all hands there is no reason in the world why all the men of light and leading in the city should not co-operate in the carrying out of a programme of rejoicings in every way worthy of Bombay. The end in view, however, is not brought nearer attainment by misconceptions such as those which were propagated yesterday by our contemporary. The complaint that Mr. Justice Bayley's letter was not laid before the Corporation either on Friday or Saturday would never have been made if the smallest regard had been paid to the statutory rules under which the Corporation transacts its business. The Act requires that six clear days' notice shall be given of a meeting, and of the business to be brought forward. Mr. Justice Bayley's letter, communicating the resolution of the private meeting of the previous Wednesday, reached the President of the Municipality on Friday. There was an adjourned meeting of the Corporation on that day; there was another on Saturday; and we should like to know where is the coach and six that could in such circumstances have got through the plain stipulations of the Act so as to lay a communication received on Friday before either of those meetings. The minimum notice which the Act allows for business not in the notice paper is three clear days, but there was not even that narrow interval between the transmission of the decisions of Wednesday's meeting and the two meetings at the end of the week. This objection therefore disappears the moment it is looked at. Saturday's meeting of the Reception Committee was, of course, a [illegible]

[illegible] in a very unexpected way our statements regarding the recruiting difficulty in the Western Army, writes the *Pioneer*. He states that in one district a recruiting party was out for several months, and yet failed to enlist a single man for service in the ranks. The country people would not listen to the most tempting offers, preferring the peace and comparative plenty of their village life, to the career of a soldier in the native army. We cannot say how many other parties have had similar experiences, but complaints have been numerous in the Bombay papers that men of the old fighting castes cannot now be obtained. The military authorities must be aware of this, and they should, we think, take careful note of the class of recruits who have, during the past two or three years, joined the colours. If these men are of the non-fighting races, they are obviously out of place in an army which is meant for service, and any great increase in their numbers will tend to lower the morale of the whole body of native troops in the Western Presidency. It would be better that regiments which are deteriorating should be disbanded at once than that they should be formed of men unfitted in every way for campaigning. If compensation were given by the raising of new battalions from among the tribesmen of Biluchistan, similar to the 27th, 29th and 30th Bombay Infantry, no complaints would be heard from the officers who would be affected by the change: they would, in fact, probably be only too pleased to serve in these new frontier regiments.

A CHARMING instance of Mr. Browning's kindness of heart has recently come to the notice of *The Athenæum*. A young girl was set as a school-task to write an explanation of "Pompilia." Not satisfied with her essay, she ventured to send it to Mr. Browning, to whom she was an entire stranger, and he took the trouble to make sundry corrections and additions, winding up with: "There, my dear young lady, I have done the little that was necessary, and hope it may suffice.—Affectionately yours, Robert Browning."

WE learn from Rome of the sums taken last year for St. Peter's Pence: From Austria came £12,000, Spain £8,000, France £12,800, [illegible] £7,200, Ireland £6,000, England £3,600, [illegible] £6,200, Switzerland £2,200, Poland £[illegible], America £7,400, South America £[illegible], Asia £4,000, Roumania £[illegible], £14,200, and Portugal £[illegible]. Other countries made up £4,000, were collected in America, Canada, Russia, Sweden, Norway, &c. The whole amount received was about £120,000, being less by £20,000 than what was received in 1889. The countries which contributed nothing to St. Peter's Pence were Turkey, Montenegro, Greece, and Servia.

ARRIVALS to date for the Harbour of Bombay yesterday morning, 4th inst., were 20 ships of [illegible] tons: Pupil, Woodlark, The Fife, The Nimrod, Conqueror, The Prince, [illegible]. The following are the [illegible] or probably expected to arrive in Bombay Harbour which have been announced to us by the office of editors:—

Though Hope to Sown and Clarence to Aden.
What matters it if we have Rain [illegible]

A LINE of railway has been sanctioned between Dhrangadra and Wadhwan.

A BOMBAY correspondent confirms in a very unexpected way our statements regarding the recruiting difficulty in the Western Army, writes the *Pioneer*. He states that in one district a recruiting party was out for several months, and yet failed to enlist a single man for service in the ranks. The country people would not listen to the most tempting offers, preferring the peace and comparative plenty of their village life, to the career of a soldier in the native army. We cannot say how many other parties have had similar experiences, but complaints have been numerous in the Bombay papers that men of the old fighting castes cannot now be obtained. The military authorities must be aware of this, and they should, we think, take careful note of the class of recruits who have, during the past two or three years, joined the colours. If these men are of the non-fighting races, they are obviously out of place in an army which is meant for service, and any great increase in their numbers will tend to lower the morale of the whole body of native troops in the Western Presidency. It would be better that regiments which are deteriorating should be disbanded at once than that they should be formed of men unfitted in every way for campaigning. If compensation were given by the raising of new battalions from among the tribesmen of Biluchistan, similar to the 27th, 29th and 30th Bombay Infantry, no complaints would be heard

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE FATAL FIRE IN AMERICA.

LONDON, JAN. 4.

[illegible] home in Washington [illegible] remained praying by a mi[illegible] their mother until the[illegible]calcined; her [illegible] daughters and a grand[illegible] from the second floor sustaining [illegible] Mr. Tracy is progressing.

LORD HARRINGTON.

[illegible] Lord O. [illegible] Bengal on Thursday, and will disembark [illegible].

GREAT TREASON IN BULGARIA.

LONDON, FEB. 4.

[illegible] to murder Prince Ferdinand and his [illegible] have been discovered at Sofia.

[illegible] and numerous other persons have been arrested for complicity.

INSULTING THE EMPRESS FREDERICK.

Herr Kosinicha, editor of a German newspaper, has been sentenced to a month's imprisonment in a fortress, for insulting the Empress Frederick.

OBITUARY.

General Winfield.

THE PARNELL LIBEL CASE: A CORRECTION.

The proceedings for libel instituted by Mr. Parnell against the *Times* for publishing the Pigott forged letters have been withdrawn, Mr. Parnell having consented to accept £5,000.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

FIRE IN GRESHAM STREET.

LONDON, FEB. 4.

A five-storey warehouse, in Gresham Street, was burnt out last evening; the adjacent buildings however were saved.

The damage done by the fire is immense.

SIR FRANCIS DE WINTON.

Sir Francis De Winton has returned to London from South Africa.

SAD FATALITY AT A FIRE.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 3.

Three lives were lost altogether in the fire at Mr. Tracy's house, one of the servants having lost her life in addition to Mrs. and Miss Tracy.

Mr. Tracy is recovering.

THE FRENCH BUDGET.

PARIS, FEB. 3.

The French expenditure for the year 1889 is thirty-six million francs in excess of revenue.

THE S.S. INCHLONGA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 4.

The steamer Inchlonga has received more serious damage than was at first supposed. She has been towed up to the Diamond Harbour, but could not proceed further. She is lying at anchor there still, and will be towed up to town on Thursday.

THE ZHOB AGENCY HEAD-QUARTERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 4.

Appaul, the new head-quarters of the Zhob Agency, will be linked by telegraphs with the Quetta District.

THE KWAJA-AMRAN LINE.

The rails are expected to reach New Chaman on the further side of the Kwaja-Amran range on the 10th of March, a temporary line being laid through the Khojak tunnel.

THE CIVIL SERVICE CUP.

There are only fifty starters for the Civil Service Cup at Lucknow, on Thursday next. Blitz and Marquise head the betting at 2 to 1, with Magistrate next, and Jessee, Froust, and Bustle the last.

THE KOLS AND THEIR ZEMINDARS.

If the Kols and their Zemindars cannot permanently agree the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal will probably visit Ranchi towards the close of this month, and make a tour through Chota Nagpore.

THE MADRAS BUDGET.

The financial statement of the Madras Government for the past year exhibits a deficit of eleven and a half lakhs.

THE TUTICORIN PEARL FISHERY.

(FROM THE COLLECTOR.)

TUTICORIN, FEB 4.

The takes are daily increasing. Oysters are plentiful, and the weather is improving. Greater facilities are available for boats, as tugs have arrived.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, FEB. 3.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Sutlej, with the English mails, arrived at daylight to-day.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Lombardy (extra) arrived here from Bombay this morning.

COLOMBO, FEB. 4.

Mail steamer Peshawar, from Aden, arrived.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Lissa, outward bound, passed Gibraltar on the 2nd instant.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	4 11-16d.
The Manchester Market is quiet but steady.	
T'ns. Shirtings	8s. 3d.
32's, "	6-8d.
40's, Mule Twist	9½d.
Shipments to India, 30 days sight	1s. 8d.
8 per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	97¼
4 per cent. Egyptian paper	69¼
4 per cent. "	71¼
3 per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	44½d. per oz.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, FEB. 3.

10 p.m.	75·3

TUESDAY, FEB. 4.

6 a.m.	69·4
10 a.m.	77·1
Noon	80·7
4 p.m.	82·3

THE ACCUSATIONS AGAINST THE ZOROASTRIAN STATE.

A correspondent writes to us from Sukkur, under date the 30th January :—

I have already informed you that the people of Khairpur, who were staying at this place for the last three or four months, went to wait upon the Commissioner in Sind at Rohri with a petition, asking him to do something to save them from their present sufferings. They did so on the 23rd instant. They were told in reply to await a reply from the Government of Bombay, to whom they had submitted a memorial in December last.

The announcement in the *Bombay Gazette* that Mr. Ommaney, Inspector-General of Police, has been appointed as a special officer by the Bombay Government to proceed to Khairpur, and enquire into the allegations with regard to the maladministration at Khairpur, set forth in the memorial of the people of that territory, has been hailed with great joy by the poor people of Khairpur, who are still staying here. They were getting tired of the long delay, and the expensiveness of this place was driving them to extreme poverty. They seem to be in great anxiety, and would enquire of any person they came across whether the Bombay Government would do anything for them or let them be treated shamefully as heretofore. The present announcement with regard to the appointment of Mr. Ommaney comes very timely. The poor people are very cheerful to-day. They say there need be fear now. They are confident of the justice of their cause, and have, moreover, secured an impartial officer in the person of Mr. Ommaney, who, they say, will not suppress the truth, let what may come. As for the proof of the allegations set forth in the memorial, they are confident the special officer will get more than enough to convince him of the truth of their allegations.

They are praying for Lord Reay's long life, and his Excellency's name is in the mouth of every Khairpurian at this place. By this act of humanity his Lordship is leaving a living sense of gratitude in the minds of the people of Khairpur.

Mr. Ommaney is already hunting on the borders of Khairpur territory. He would greatly minimise the misery of the poor Khairpurians were he to use a little promptitude. These poor people are suffering from pecuniary difficulties owing to the general expensiveness of this place, and it is therefore hoped that Mr. Ommaney will be able to complete this enquiry and draw up his final report to Government in time to enable Lord Reay to dispose of the matter before his departure for England.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The following report of the Committee for the half-year ending 31st December 1889, is to be submitted to the general meeting to be held in the Pavilion this evening :—

The total number of members of the Gymkhana is 805, of whom 286 were resident, on 31st December 1889. 40 new members have been elected during the past half-year, and 14 have resigned, died or ceased to belong to the Club.

At the last half-yearly meeting the Committee consisted of the following gentlemen :—The Hon'ble Lyttelton H. Bayley, president; L. Feaury, Esq., joint hon. sec. and treasurer; H. R. Gobbold, Esq., joint hon. secretary; A. F. Gould, Esq., cricket secretary; Capt. H. D. Olivier, R.E., boats secretary; W. Murray, Esq., lawn-tennis secretary; J. H. Twiss, Esq., R.G., racquet secretary; J. P. N. Graham, Esq., polo secretary; J. S. Burn, Esq., golf secretary; E. Miller, Esq., bowls secretary; Rev. A. Goldwyer Lewis, Col. W. Merriman, R.E., C.I.E., and E. L. Bertoe, Esq., additional members.

The following changes have taken place in the Committee during the half-year :—Capt. H. D. Olivier, R.E., resigned, and Mr. H. M. Stoart undertook the duties of Boats Secretary, and Mr. E. Miller resigned the bowls secretaryship on leaving for Europe.

Cricket.—The past season was on the whole successful. The Poona matches resulted in one win and one creditable draw. Both Poona matches were lost, but all the others were won. During the cold weather cricket has been confined to practice for the forthcoming match against Mr. Vernon's English eleven. It is to be regretted that this takes place out of the usual cricket season, as at this time of the year the Gymkhana is unable to play its full strength.

Boating.—The boats have not been used at all during the past year, and partly in consequence of this they have many of them fallen into a state of decay. It has now been decided to put five of them into a thorough state of repair, and dispose of the remaining five, if possible. The boats will be fixed on trial at Mahim, and will be available for use in February.

Lawn-tennis has lost nothing in popularity. The courts continue to be well attended. The usual single and double handicaps begin in January, and these will be followed by the Maryat Cup, open to members of the Gymkhana only, and the Single and Double Championships of Western India.

Racquets has gained in popularity during the past half-year. Balls were obtained from Mallings of Woolwich, which have given more satisfaction than those procured formerly from Dhunjibhoy.

There were twelve entries for the challenge tournament, the cup being won by Mr. J. T. Rickards.

Polo languished somewhat during the early part of the rains owing to scarceness of players, but later the game was well kept up, and the annual tournament came off in October.

The 7th Hussars beat the Poona Gymkhana in the first tie by two goals to one; and the Bombay Gymkhana in the final by eleven goals to two. In the Poona tournament the Gymkhana team were beaten by the visitors' team by two goals to one.

Golf continues to be popular, and several new players have taken to the game.

The Madras Medal was won by Mr. M. F Reid, the St. Andrew Medal by Mr. J. S. Burn, and the Blackheath Medal by Mr. W. F. Melvin.

The Nasick meeting took place at Christmas, instead of during the rains.

The cup given by the Gymkhana to be played for by the Western India Golf Club was won by Mr. L. G. Dunbar, who also won the gold medal for the best average score of four rounds. Mr. J. S. Burn won the silver medal for the best single round with 86, Mr. W. F. Melvin being second with 88.

Bowls.—This game revived considerably under the energetic secretaryship of Mr. E. Miller. Various tournaments have been played, and the ground since water was laid on has been kept in splendid order.

Skyracers.—A very successful little meeting of two days' races, confined to the members of the Gymkhana was held in December under Mr. Dallas Brooks' management, and it is proposed to hold a further meeting with some open events in January and February.

Athletic Sports.—A two days' meeting, with fourteen events, will be held on the 14th and 15th of March.

Badminton maintains its popularity, and the courts have been well occupied during the short evenings.

Members are reminded that the election for the Committee for the year 1890, will take place at the general meeting, to be held on Wednesday, 5th February 1890.

THE CRUELTY TO ANIMALS BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A short Bill, No. 2 of 1890, has lately been introduced into the Supreme Legislative Council. The object thereof is, as you are aware, to provide an easily enforceable law for the suppression of cruelty to animals. Section 3 of the new law describes the several offences which it makes punishable. It seems to me, however, that it is incomplete, since it does not propose to deal with offences of this nature which are often committed in private places, especially in butchers' houses, to which the public have no access. If, therefore, it becomes a part of the proposed law the object thereof will not, I am afraid, be wholly accomplished, and I am, therefore, of opinion that the section in question should be re-framed in such a manner as to render all classes of cruelties penal, no matter where they are committed. In other respects the Bill seems to be free from any reasonable objection.—I am, &c.,

Ratnagiri, Feb. 2. P. R. DESAI.

There is a singular coincidence in the history of the Earldom of Caithness, the succession to which has just been determined in Edinburgh. In 1789 the eleventh Earl of Caithness died without issue, and the title passed to Sir James Sinclair of Mey. In 1855, the fifteenth earl died without issue, and the title has passed to Mr. James A. Sinclair of Ackergill. The late earl expired very suddenly, at the early age of 40. Visiting Edinburgh last May, to attend the Presbyterian Church General Assembly, he was seized with illness, and died in a fit in his servant's arms before medical aid could be procured. The Earl of Caithness sits in Parliament as Lord Barnegill.

THE FACTORIES ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor-General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 31st January :—

No. 2 of 1890.

A Bill to Amend the Indian Factories Act, 1881.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Indian Factories Act, 1881. It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. For the words "one hundred" in section 2 of the said Act the word "twenty" shall be substituted.

2. For the word "seven" in sections 4, 5, 8 and 16 of the said Act the word "nine" shall be substituted.

3. The section 4 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely :—

"Or for more than the time allowed by this Act for the employment of women."

4. (1) For the first clause of section 7 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"No woman shall be actually employed more than eleven hours, nor any child more than nine hours, in any factory in any one day."

(2) In the second clause of the same section, before the word "child" the words "woman or" and between the words "allowed to" and the word "him" the words "her or" shall be inserted.

(3.) In the last clause of the same section, for the words "A child shall not be deemed to be employed" the words "A woman or child shall not be deemed to be actually employed" shall be substituted.

5. For section 8 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"8. Every occupier of a factory in which women or children are employed shall, before the beginning of each month, fix, according to the castes or classes to which such women or children belong or otherwise not less than four days in such month to be observed as holidays by each woman or child employed in the factory, and shall forthwith give notice of the days so fixed to such officer as the Local Government may, from time to time, appoint in this behalf.

"An occupier of a factory may, with the previous sanction of the Inspector, substitute for any day fixed under this section, another day in the same month.

"A woman or child shall not be employed in such factory on a day fixed under this section as a day to be observed as a holiday by the woman or child, unless when another day has been substituted for such day as hereinbefore provided, in which event the woman or child shall not be employed in such factory on the day so substituted."

6. In section 9 of the said Act, before the word "child" the words "woman or" shall be inserted.

7. (1) In clause (a) of, and the second proviso to, section 15 of the said Act, between the words "any," and "such" respectively, and the word "child" the words "woman or", and in the same proviso between the words "two or more" and the word "children" the words "women or" shall be inserted.

(2) For clauses (e) and (f) of the same section the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(e) neglects to fence any machinery of mill-gearing in any factory;

(f) neglects to maintain a supply of water for the use of persons employed in any factory;

(g) neglects to ventilate any factory, or to keep any factory in a cleanly state, and free from effluvia arising from an drain, privy, or other nuisance;

(h) suffers any factory to be so overcrowded, while work is carried on therein, as to be injurious to the health of the persons employed therein; or

(i) neglects to give any notice or furnish any return."

8. (1) For clauses (c), (g) and (d) of section 19 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(b) the water-supply to be maintained for the use of persons employed in factories; (c) the ventilation of factories and their colourwashing (including lime-washing, painting, varnishing and washing) and freedom from effluvia arising from any drain, privy or other nuisance;

(d) the prevention of such overcrowding of factories, while work is carried on therein, as is likely to be injurious to the health of the persons employed therein;

(e) the obligation of occupiers of factories to furnish true returns, occasional or periodical, on and in accordance with the requisition of the local Inspector or the Local Government;

(f) the inspection of factories;

(g) the manner in which appeals under this Act are to be presented and heard; and

(h) otherwise ensuring the purposes of this Act."

(2) To the same section the following shall be added, namely :—

"Before making rules under clause (b), clause (c) or clause (d) of this section, the local Government shall publish in such manner as may in its opinion be sufficient for giving information to persons interested a draft of the proposed rules, with a notice specifying a date at or after which the draft will be taken into consideration, and shall consider any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date so specified."

9. A reference in any enactment or document to the Indian Factories Act, 1881, shall be read as a reference to that Act as amended by this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Government of India, having recently had under its consideration the reports of Local Governments on the operation of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, and the proceedings of the Commission appointed in 1884 to consider the working of factories in the Bombay Presidency, is of opinion that the Act of 1881 should be so amended as to—

(a) bring within its scope any factory in which not fewer than twenty hands are employed,

(b) raise from seven to nine years the age below which a child may not be employed in a factory,

(c) limit the hours of work for women to eleven in any one day,

(d) extend to women the provisions of the Act with respect to the allowance of holidays to children, and enable occupiers of factories to fix such days as holidays for the women and children employed therein as having regard to the different classes or castes to which they belong, may be most convenient for them,

(e) authorise Local Governments to make sanitary rules suited to local requirements, and

(f) render it obligatory on occupiers of factories to furnish such statistics as may from time to time be required by the Government.

The object of the Bill is to amend the Act accordingly.

Among the enactments which will be incidentally affected by the Bill (section 9) are the Electricity Act, 1887, the Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, and the Indian Merchandise Marks Act, 1889.

A reprint of Act XV of 1881, with the proposed amendments set forth in italics, is appended to this Statement.

The 31st January, 1890. ANDREW R. SCOBLE,

AFRICAN MISSIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—One of the grounds on which Portugal bases its claims to territories in Eastern Africa is the evangelisation of the country by missionaries sent out by Rome under the protectorate of Portugal, and it is, therefore, to be hoped that Lord Salisbury will not forget to put an end or to object to such protectorate or Padroado or Catholic Missions in British Africa, and this can easily be done by simply notifying to the Vatican that in future England will not allow foreign protectorate even in spiritual matters in territories owned by her. I remember reading a telegram about six weeks ago that the British Extraordinary Envoy at the Vatican had been authorized to arrange with his Holiness to make the Metropolitan Bishop of Malta Primate of all the Catholic Missions in Africa, and that if this were possible it might be extended to the Catholic Hierarchy in British India. Such an arrangement is very desirable both on political, social, and ecclesiastical grounds, and would put an end to the fabeard territorial claims of Portugal based on the evangelisation of the country by missionaries sent by Rome through Portugal. In support of what I have written, I subjoin a translation of the portion of the report laid before his Majesty and which appeared in the Portuguese Official *Gazette* of the 14th November last, and is signed by Senhor Garcia, Portuguese Minister for the Colonies. The para. runs as follows :—

"Great and profound has been the religious, patriotic, and civilising action of the Portuguese Catholic Missions on the African Continent. To them, in a great measure is due the consolidation and expansion of our colonial dominion in those countries where the prestige of the Portuguese name increases and is strengthened more by the lights of civilisation which is poured in, than by the heroic tradition of the vast dominions conquered. In no other way than by the redemption of those people by science, moral force, labour and faith shall we be able to legitimise and defend, as it becomes, and compels us to do, our more glorious rights of sovereignty and patronage (Padroado)."—Times, &c.

Feb. 4. VIGILANTIA.

THE SHOE WORN BY EUNUCHS.

A correspondent sends to the *Daily Graphic* an admirably illustrated description of the salt wells of Kutch, from which we take the following :—

In this way the native state of Kutch (various Gatch or Kutsch—pronounced in the vernacular like a sharp sneeze)—the sea which separates it from several features of interest. The physical characteristics, indeed, which it forms one part of India, and Kutch may be said to be a distinct region. It is of the peculiar physical characteristics of Kutch that I am now writing, and I also include a few sketches to illustrate my letter.

The "Rann" of Kutch, by which name the vast tract of salt in such demand, which forms a belt round the north and east borders of the State, covers a area of nearly 9,000 square miles, is generally known, is believed to have once been the bottom, upheaved centuries ago in some great natural convulsion and left stranded high and dry, and cut off from the neighbouring ocean. This tract of country consists of two practically distinct parts—the Northern and the Eastern Rann. Both Rannsin their general nature are much alike—every where wide tracts of dark soil, impregnated with salt, which in places cakes the ground over, and devoid of vegetable life, save for here and there a few stunted shrubs and grasses on which wild asses crop their daily fodder.

To what good account the natives of Kutch turn the salt Nature has so superabundantly bestowed on them, I will now describe.

The Rann of Kutch is a large mushy desert for nine months in the year, and during the remaining three is nearly covered by the waters from the Gulf of Kutch, when it becomes a muddy swamp. Below ground, in some places, very strong brine is met with, and this, when properly treated, produces excellent salt. One of my sketches shows a general view of the Rann, with the apparatus used for raising the brine, in the foreground. The machinery is very primitive, and merely consists of a long tall wood pole, tied at about a fourth of its length to a post which is stuck in the ground. To the shorter end of the pole is affixed a balance-weight, formed of a lump of mud, bound to the pole with cord-ties. To the lighter and longer end of the pole is attached a thin rope, and to this is slung an earthenware pot. These machines are generally erected in pairs. A hole in the ground having been dug, the workman pulls down the "chatty," or earthen pot, into the hole at the bottom of the hole, the depth of which is from 8 to 12 feet. When the chatty is full, the man allows it to ascend by means of the balance-weight, and empties the contents into a small channel, formed of earth, a little above the surface of the ground. This channel leads the brine into pans for evaporation by the heat of the sun. The pans consist merely of a rectangular piece of ground, perhaps 200 feet long by 100 feet wide, enclosed by ridges of earth a foot high. This process of evaporation and continued supply of brine is carried on until the contents of the pans are reduced to a mass of beautiful large white crystals, some of which are an inch in diameter. The crystals are scraped up into ridges and are then stacked in large heaps near the railway siding, ready for conveyance to the depot. In the foreground of one sketch may be seen some large masses of salt. In the next, one of the men holds in his hand a string of glistening crystals, probably intended to adorn the dusky neck of some village Venus—his sweetheart.

THE HISTORY OF "COOK AND SON."

Perhaps one of the most remarkable business enterprises of the day, writes a home paper, all things considered, is that of Thos. Cook and Son. The founder, Mr. Thos. Cook, who is lying ill at his residence, Thorneycroft, Scraptoft, Leicester, was born at Melbourne, Derbyshire, in 1803. When quite young he arranged an excursion in 1841 for a local temperance society, of which no less than 500 people availed themselves. The excursion was simply from Leicester to Loughboro', a distance of only eleven miles, at a fare of one shilling. From this small beginning the whole of the excursion arrangements of the various railway companies have grown up, and both the inception of the idea and the carrying out of it, are due to Mr. Thos. Cook. Then in August, 1845, the great excursionist organised a special train between Leicester and Liverpool, and this was the first train which ran without change over more than one company's system. In the same year Mr. Cook arranged his first Continental trip, viz., Leicester to Calais at a fare of 31s. In 1850 began his first great circular tour, through Brussels, Cologne, Heidelberg, Strasburg, and back via Paris to London. In 1861 he took fifteen hundred people to Paris, and during the Exhibition there of 1878 no less than seventy thousand passengers went there under his arrangements. Between these two dates he had arranged, in 1863, tourist tickets through Italy and Switzerland. In 1865 he first went to America, and the following year his son, Mr. J. M. Cook, took the first party there, consisting of over thirty people. In 1869 Mr. Thomas Cook first visited the East, and in 1870 Mr. J. M. Cook conducted the first great tourist party to Egypt and the Nile, and in 1872 made a journey round the world, which was the precursor of his firm's annual conducted tours round the globe.

Mr. Thos. Cook has for some years ceased to take any active part in the business, his son, Mr. John M. Cook, being now the sole managing partner. The latter has spent his life from early youth in the business. He is about fifty-five years of age, tall and even stately in appearance, with brown beard and whiskers only as yet streaked with grey. His very look and bearing denote indomitable energy and the gift of command, and he is all he looks. From 1865 to 1870 he travelled forty-two thousand miles each year, and in 1876 as much as fifty-three thousand miles. No undertaking seems too large for him to organise. When some two or three years since, the Vesuvius Railway Company could no longer pursue it on its financial difficulties, Mr. John M. Cook came to the rescue, and bought up the whole undertaking at a cost of some thousands, refitted the entire plant, and now "runs the show" himself, as the Americans would say. In 1884, when our troops were sent to Khartoum to relieve General Gordon, the whole of their Nile Journey was arranged by Thomas Cook and Son, probably one of the largest and most arduous bits of work ever undertaken by a private firm. Mr. J. M. Cook sometimes mixes philanthropy with business. This he is now doing as regards the Pilgrims from India to Mecca. For years these poor and yet devout Mahomedans were the victims of dishonest wretches who owned coffin ships, in which the former booked their passages to Jeddah *en route* to the Holy City. The vessels were not only badly built; they were also overcrowded, and, of course, they frequently foundered with their living freight. By the invitation and with the support of the Government of India, Mr. Cook came to the rescue, and the Pilgrims can now book through to their destination from any part of India, and are certain to have a decent, trustworthy vessel for the sea passage. The latest important achievement of Thomas Cook and Son was "personally conducting" the Shah when, during his visit of last year, he went to most of the large provincial towns. Mr. J. M. Cook's two sons are now travelling round the world in connection with the firm's business, and early last month passed through Bombay after a ride from the Caucasus to Bushire.

MILITARY NEWS.

The Government of India have decided that officers appointed as Cantonment Magistrates and seconded in their regiments, must be held to be liable for the payment of mess and band subscription at half rate.

It has been decided to charge the travelling expenses of Staff officers proceeding to and from camps-of-exercise to the grants authorised for such camps.

The Secretary of State for India in some recent despatches having commented on the rapid increase in the number of non-commissioned officers, allowed to proceed to England from India on private affairs and the extra expense incurred thereby for passages, which is attributed in a great measure to the too liberal grant of these furloughs, it has been decided as a consequence to curtail the grant, and to limit the indulgence in future to special and exceptional cases. This is bad news for the non-commissioned officers of the Indian Army, and it is hoped that the recommendations for furlough will be treated in a liberal spirit, as if the grand of passages is confined to the period the troopships are running, it is not apparent where the extra charge for passages comes in.

MARCH-OUT OF THE "C" COMPANY R.V.R.

Yesterday evening the members of the "C" Company of the Bombay, Volunteer Rifles, to the number of forty men were mustered at the Victoria Gardens and made a mobel-light march-out to Sandoza, under the command of Captain Place. At about half-past eight the Volunteers were drawn up in front of the Sandoza Railway Station, and marched on to the platform, where they piled arms and partook of refreshments, returning to Bombay by the eleven o'clock train, none the worse for their long but pleasant moonlight tramp.

LORD HARRIS ON THE PROFESSIONAL OR CRICKET.

(Continued from Saturday's Gazette.)

Years after Mr. Knight's proposition to attempt was made to stop the over-shoulder delivery when John Lillywhite "no-balled" Edgar Winsher at the Oval. This proved futile. Grounds with closer attention and heavier rollers became better, and it was found necessary to check long scores by allowing the bowler to raise his hand as high as he chose. When I first looked on at first-class cricket about twenty years ago, Wisden was the only bowler I can remember whose hand was distinctly above the shoulder, though they always say of the old Lillywhite—the Nonpareil, a very small man—that if you were on the other side of a wall when he was bowling, you could see his hand, but not his head. Now I should find difficulty in naming many whose hands are as low as Wilshere's was at the time I speak of. In Australia, every bowler, without exception, lifts their delivery, and to encourage this, and to accustom the umpires to the action, I am told that a celebrated English cricketer makes the boys of the school, where he is engaged as "coach," bowl parallel to and so near a high wall that they must either keep their hands up or bark their knuckles. At the present day the great question is what means should be adopted to stop a ten-lenyy to throw which is becoming apparent, the great difficulty being to decide what is and what is not a throw. Mr. Knight, in his memorandum, evades the difficulty of defining a throw by saying that everyone knows what a throw is, even if it cannot be closely defined; but it is apparent to cricketers that at the present time it is not every umpire who knows what a throw is.

THE ART OF BATTING.

The changes that have taken place in batting since the day when the old spoon-shaped bat was given up for the present shape, have not been very material, though it has doubtless, in succeeding generations, adapted itself to the different styles of bowling. "Keep your left shoulder forward," has been an instruction given to the young cricketer from the earliest times, and for the best of reasons that it entails a perpendicular bat, and a perpendicular bat covers more of the wicket than a horizontal. It has remained for the present generation to carry the art of batting to perfection. I doubt myself if the world will ever see another "all round" cricketer to equal William Gilbert Grace. Besides getting for several years as many wickets as any professional bowler; being always a magnificent field anywhere; being untiring alike in his devotion to the game and his efforts to win whatever match he may be taking part in; having ever a kind word for a young or an unsuccessful cricketer, he has proved himself the most finished batsman on any ground, and against all kinds of bowling, that the annals of cricket record. I know there are some, who have seen both players, and are thoroughly competent judges of the game, who assert that if Fuller Pitch had had the advantage of playing on the same perfect wickets as Mr. Grace, he would have got as many runs; and, furthermore, they maintain that some of the bowlers Pitch had to contend against were more difficult to score off than the best of the present day. That the wickets were not as good in Fuller Pitch's day is an undoubted fact, and their unevenness undoubtedly would tend to make balls shoot, rise, and break unexpectedly; but that the bowlers of those times were more accurate I cannot believe; for if we turn to the scores of matches in which such celebrities as Lillywhite, Hillyer, Redgate, Cobbett, and Alfred Mynn were the bowlers, we find as many as from five to ten wides no uncommon item, whereas now-a-days it is a most unusual thing for a first-class bowler gentleman or professional, to bowl one in a month's cricket.

THE INFLUENCE OF STEAM.

Another, and perhaps the most important, epoch in the game was produced by the introduction of steam. Before the first lines of that network of railways which now covers the country had been drawn, the getting to and from a distant match must have been such an undertaking as would now-a-days appal the keenest cricketer, not to mention those who, with the call to office work, business and public way to attend, proceed before noon, and insist on leaving it at five or six for fear of missing their dinner. The old Hambledon eleven had a special van to take them about. Fancy starting from some trysting-place in Hampshire to drive all the way to Sevenoaks, or Bishopsbourne, or the Artillery Ground in Bunhill Fields; for at all these places did the Hambledonians, with Richard Nyren, their subsequent historian, at their head, play and distinguish themselves more than a century back. I may point out, with reference to what I have said above as to straight-arm bowling, that Nyren mentions several of the Hambledon heroes as having "high actions." Perhaps old Clarke, the slow bowler, saw as soon as anyone what a difference steam would make to cricketers, and how to turn an honest penny by it; for we may take his to be the first cricket eleven that really "starred" the provinces, and may date from his time that firm hold which cricket has taken on the hearts of the people of England. No greater interest was taken in the Hambledon eleven by the country side, wherever they went, than was taken in Clarke's team by those who paid their sixpences to see the celebrities they had often heard of, but whom, for the first time, the iron horse brought into their midst. Nyren tells us, "So renowned a set were the men of Hambledon, that the whole country round would flock to see one of their trial matches." Nothing is so essential for the production of a good cricketer as that he should *see* good cricket. It was seeing those eleven good cricketers that has developed the numberless good cricketers the country can now boast. That development will continue, for the train can land in a few hours, and at a small expense, the devotee of cricket on the Metropolitan grounds, where almost every day for three months, one may be certain of seeing a first-class match. That those who look on at the great first-class matches in London do most thoroughly understand the game was, I thought, shown this year in the match between the Gentlemen and Players at Lords, where, during three days' hard cricket, I cannot recall more than one instance of a mistake in judgment made by the on-lookers. The opposite, I have particularly noticed in one or two of the northern towns where the "gate," as we call it in the south—the "company," as they call it in the north—is immense. For instance, at Manchester, where they sometimes take £1,000, chiefly in threepences and sixpences, in three days, the ring is not so highly educated.—I am only alluding to cricket—as it is at "Lords." Thirteen years ago I played in a Kent v. Lancashire match, on the Old Trafford ground—perhaps, take it all round, the best in England—and I do not suppose there were fifty pounds on the ground in the two days. Three years ago, in the same match, about £600 was taken. Now these spectators are as eager and excitable as Londoners, but their education in cricket has only recently commenced, and one hears frequent mistakes, such as cheers at the supposed fall of a wicket when a visitor plays a ball hard on to the ground to point or the bowler. The wish has been father to the thought, and an excitable imagination has persuaded observation against itself; but we wise ones, though we may smile, are very willing to excuse the mistake, for we know it arises from zeal. That same zeal, however, is a terrible fellow to run away with one; and I feel compelled to utter one warning note—to the fully quite as much as to the partially-educated—not to be so far carried away as to indulge in outspoken disapprobation of an umpire's decision. There is not one member of a ring of spectators so advantageously situated to decide an appeal as either umpire. The umpires are closer to the game, and, it is reasonable to suppose, their attention is fixed on it, and it alone. Their task is sufficiently hard to exempt them from being blamed by those who cannot possibly see equally well, however zealous they may be. One of the most zealous but indifferent cricketers I can call to mind, used to be in such a state of excitement when he was bowling, that every time a ball was not hit for runs—those balls were very few and far between—he appealed to the umpire, until one day, on appealing for a ball that the batsman had played at, but not touched, the umpire turned the tables on him by calling "wide." Remarkable decisions always have and always will furnish conversation for the cricketer's fireside; but, for audacity I know of none to beat the following which was given in a country match in which I was playing with a friend of mine, a very celebrated cricketer. He had been tempting the fieldsmen to throw at his wicket, until at last one did throw and hit it. "Not out," said the umpire, and coming up to my friend at the end of the over added, in an undertone, "You really must be more careful, Sir, you were close out that time." Such a case, however, is the exception; umpires must make mistakes; but I am convinced that, as a rule, they give their decisions without bias.

(To be continued.)

THE BRAEMER DIVORCE CASE.

Proceedings in the Braemer divorce case were resumed in the Bombay High Court yesterday, before the Hon'ble Justice Farran and a special jury. The petitioner, Mr. Arthur H. Levy, prays for the dissolution of his marriage with the respondent, Mrs. Braemer, on the ground of her adultery with Mr. Braemer, co-respondent. The petitioner is represented by Messrs. Crawford and Tyrrel, instructed by Messrs. Mayhew and Mayhew and Mr. Long, instructed by Messrs. Macfarlane, Mayhew and Macfarlane appeared for the co-respondent. Mr. Inverarity appeared for the co-respondent.

Arthur H. Levy, cross-examined by Mr. Inverarity, said: I have known Mr. Braemer the co-respondent for fourteen years. I came to Bombay in 1885 for my health's sake, remained for eighteen months, and then went to Europe again for my health. I came back to Bombay, two months ago.

Did you and Braemer not carry on business as merchants of Pelps, who was not in Bombay, signed by Mr. Ryan, under sec. 33 of the Evidence Act.

His Lordship, however, could not accept a copy but would accept the original.

Mr. Kirkpatrick said he would tender the original when he got them.

This closed the case for the petitioner.

Mr. Macpherson said he would not trouble the Court long, but there were several points he required to make some reference to. The first question was whether the evidence of these documents decided with the Consul was not fatal to the petitioner's case, and whether they did not establish collusion between the co-respondent and the petitioner. If that were established, then the Court had no option but to dismiss the petition. What had happened was this. The petitioner had squared the case with the co-respondent; and one of the terms of that squaring was disclosed by the documents; that the co-respondent should keep out of the way and give no evidence, oral or documentary, in that case. The assumption was that the co-respondent wished to prevent the Court having access to pertinent and material evidence in the case, which evidence might turn the scale one way or the other. In consideration that the co-respondent should not appear till the end of the case, the petitioner should not take any action against the co-respondent or hold him liable in damages. He would endeavour in the evidence he would bring before them to show that the petitioner's story and the evidence he had brought was a tissue of falsehoods, and that his evidence was entirely uncorroborated in any of those portions where alone it would have been of importance. He would also endeavour to show that the petitioner was not a man worthy of credit. The first was his connection with the transaction at the German Consulate. He asked his Lordship to note the way in which the petitioner endeavored to suppress from the Court the whole of that transaction. He said at first, and persisted, that he had always kept the co-respondent at arm's length, and had nothing to do with him. He thought the petitioner was taken by surprise when he found they knew something about that transaction. There were other circumstances connected with the case to throw discredit on the petitioner. There was no reason for instance for his saying that he was a resident at the Great Western Hotel when he was not.

THE BRAEMER DIVORCE CASE.

Proceedings of Civil Side of the High Court.

Yesterday, before the Hon'ble Justice Farran and a special jury, the Braemer divorce case was resumed in the High Court. The petitioner, Arthur H. Levy, prays for the dissolution of his marriage with the respondent, Mrs. Braemer, on the ground of her adultery with Mr. Braemer, co-respondent. The petitioner is represented by Messrs. Crawford and Tyrrel, instructed by Messrs. Mayhew and Mayhew and Mr. Long, instructed by Messrs. Macfarlane, Mayhew and Macfarlane appeared for the co-respondent. Mr. Inverarity appeared for the co-respondent.

Arthur H. Levy, cross-examined by Mr. Inverarity, said: I have known Mr. Braemer the co-respondent for fourteen years. I came to Bombay in 1885 for my health's sake, remained for eighteen months, and then went to Europe again for my health. I came back to Bombay, two months ago.

Did you and Braemer not carry on business as merchants of Pelps, who was not in Bombay, signed by Mr. Ryan, under sec. 33 of the Evidence Act.

His Lordship, however, could not accept a copy but would accept the original.

Mr. Kirkpatrick said he would tender the original when he got them.

This closed the case for the petitioner.

Mr. Macpherson said he would not trouble the Court long, but there were several points he required to make some reference to. The first question was whether the evidence of these documents decided with the Consul was not fatal to the petitioner's case, and whether they did not establish collusion between the co-respondent and the petitioner. If that were established, then the Court had no option but to dismiss the petition. What had happened was this. The petitioner had squared the case with the co-respondent; and one of the terms of that squaring was disclosed by the documents; that the co-respondent should keep out of the way and give no evidence, oral or documentary, in that case. The assumption was that the co-respondent wished to prevent the Court having access to pertinent and material evidence in the case, which evidence might turn the scale one way or the other. In consideration that the co-respondent should not appear till the end of the case, the petitioner should not take any action against the co-respondent or hold him liable in damages. He would endeavour in the evidence he would bring before them to show that the petitioner's story and the evidence he had brought was a tissue of falsehoods, and that his evidence was entirely uncorroborated in any of those portions where alone it would

But there were no flagrant contradictions. There was no contradiction at all between his evidence given there and the story he told at the Police Court. He quoted those statements to prove the petitioner's cruelty to his wife, not that brutal assault, for which he was convicted, and which he even considered justified. There had been some quarrel about Brachett's reputation, but that was not sufficient to permit of divorce, and the petitioner's way of explaining was unsupported. For information in regard to the Colaba incident, the complainant said he saw them hugging and kissing, in that he was not only uncorroborated but contradicted; for the harmless, unbiassed lighthouse man, who had Tritsch and the defendant in view all the time said nothing of what the petitioner said he saw. Then on the occasion he looked through the venetians, if the petitioner's courage had been commensurate with his stature, the venetians would have been a very slight barrier between him and the throat of the adulterer. But that was not his line of action. He had to enlist the assistance of the police. Now, that was a very improbable story. In fact, they would prove that Mr. Tritsch was not there that evening at all, and that it was the defendant's mother's voice he had heard. Again it would appear that they had all been in a state of perturbation about hearing curious sounds in the compound, and one night Tritsch slept in a chair in the sitting-room. It was that night he awoke to find his clothes had been taken away, and they would prove that the defendant that night slept as she always did, with her mother. In fact, the whole of the petitioner's charges rested on the uncorroborated evidence of the petitioner alone. As to the two letters put in, from the petitioner to Brachett, they were perhaps of a more warm character than the petitioner liked, and he sympathised with him in that; but they were the only real evidence in the case and quite insufficient upon which to found a decree for divorce.

Mrs. Braemer, the defendant, examined by Mr. Lang, said: I was married in 1883 to the petitioner, and lived in the house of my god-father, Mr. Hamilton, at Byculla. Braemer at that time was doing nothing, but gave himself out as a merchant. I remained at Mr. Hamilton's bungalow except on two occasions when Braemer quarrelled with Mr. Hamilton on account of Braemer striking me. Then we stayed at the Fort, but except on these two occasions, Mr. Hamilton kept us.

When did he begin to ill-treat you?—Shortly after marriage. He expected to get some money with me, and when he found he was to get none, he began to ill-treat me, and threatened to leave me then.

Did he say how much he expected to get?—Not to me; but he gave out that he had got about Rs. 20,000 or Rs. 30,000.

And how did he ill-treat you?—By slapping and beating me.

In 1886 were you on affectionate terms with your husband?—He ill-treated me, and left me for a time. He struck me and went away, remaining away for one or two days.

In 1887 did he ill-treat you?—His ill-treatment was constant. He slapped me and beat me with his canes.

Then, in August, 1888, you said your child was ill with measles; what happened then?—I wanted a doctor, and he went away, as I thought, to fetch one, but he stayed away, and so I sent a message for my mother, who came with a doctor. Then Braemer returned, and finding my mother there brought Dr. Richardson. He slapped me on my face, and insulted my mother.

What occurred on that first occasion you summoned the petitioner for assault?—He begged to be forgiven, and I dropped the matter.

The next occasion you were attended by Dr. Sydney Smith?—Yes; that was the occasion I accused him of being too intimate with Levy's wife. He slapped me, struck me on the back, and knocked me down.

Did you live with him after?—For two or three days, and I summoned him to the Police Court again.

During 1888 did his violence continue?—Yes.

Well, what were you interviewed to Mr. Tritsch?—About the middle of June, the 22nd or 24th. He was introduced by Mr. Levy, in the presence of my husband. We were not visiting at the time.

Was Mr. Tritsch invited to dine to Mr. Hamilton's house?—Mr. Braemer asked him to come to dinner that day, but he did not come. He came about the beginning of September, the 7th, I think it was, and after that he came several times on business. It was on the 11th he came first to dinner. He came to dinner at the invitation of Mr. Braemer.

And after that did he dine occasionally there?—Again on the 14th he dined there at the invitation of Mr. Braemer, and again on the 27th on the occasion of my baby's birthday.

Did you kiss Mr. Tritsch on that occasion?—Yes, we had a game at forfeits, and Mr. Tritsch kissed me.

Was this in the presence of Mr. Braemer?—Yes, and in presence of others too.

His Lordship: And you kissed everybody?—Yes, when it came to my turn.

Then everybody kissed everybody?—Yes, that was the game.

And when it came to your turn you had to kiss?—Yes.

Mr. Lang: Then you have been to Colaba with Mr. Tritsch in the morning?—Yes, twice.

Did you try to conceal your going?—No; I went about half-past six, and got back to breakfast about quarter to eight.

And what did you do there?—Mr. Tritsch used to talk very much about Mr. Braemer's behaviour.

Did you go into the Cemetery?—No, never.

At that time you were on bad terms with your husband?—Yes, because he had been ill-treating me.

Well, on the 20th Mr. Hamilton had asked Mr. Tritsch to breakfast?—Yes, and Mr. Tritsch asked me to come for him in his dog-cart.

And you called for him at Taylor's Hotel?—Yes, and we went to the Post Office, because he wanted to ask about the mail.

And what happened after that?—We drove along the Esplanade, and found a dead buffalo lying on the ground. Mr. Tritsch got down to look at it. I sat alone in the dog-cart, when suddenly I found some one seize me by the arms. It was Mr. Braemer; and he hit me a blow, and pushed me out of the dog-cart.

That was the first time you had seen him that morning?—It was the first time. I had seen him since the morning of the 11th when he left the house.

And, then?—Braemer got into the dog-cart and drove away with it.

Here (producing a letter) is a letter written by your husband to you, is it not? It (is in these terms: "If you mention anything about Mrs. Levy's name, you get what I promised you—a beating."—Yes, that letter he pinned up on the cupboard of my house in Medows Street.

And did he give you a beating?—He did.

There is another letter here from your solicitors, addressed to Mr. Braemer, telling him you would file a suit for judicial separation if he carried out his threat to beat you before five o'clock that evening. Is it true he threatened that?—Yes, he said he would give me a good sound beating.

This was on the morning of the 10th?—Yes; and next morning he left the house.

On the 2nd of October he says you went out about eight and returned about eleven?—That is not true.

Then after that he said to you it would be better that you should part?—Yes: I asked him what he meant by that. After some words he struck me on the chest with his fist.

About the 8th, 9th, or 10th, did Tritsch come to dinner?—I think it was on the 9th. He came the night Mr. Braemer went away.

Did you dine all together?—Yes: with Mr. Hamilton and my mother. He was Mr. Hamilton's guest.

And were they there all the time Mr. Tritsch was present?—Yes.

Then after that did Tritsch come to the house?—Yes; he came after the 11th, and had tea sometimes, but I did not see him.

Then, is it true on the night of the 18th you kissed him when he was going away, and said "To-morrow at half-past six, dearest?—No; that is not true.

And did anything improper take place between you at Colaba?—No.

Do you recollect if he was at your house on the evening of the 19th?—Yes; he was there.

And did you kiss him that evening?—No.

Then, after the 11th, the night Mr. Braemer left, where did you sleep?—I slept with my mother in her room.

Is it true Tritsch sat on the verandah with his legs on your lap, or that he kissed you there?—No; he never did that upon any occasion; or kissed me either.

Is it true that on that night you slept with Mr. Tritsch?—No: I slept with my mother.

Do you know the room Braemer described in which he said you slept with Tritsch?—Yes; I never was in that room that night.

Then did Tritsch dine at your house on the 23rd?—No, he was not there.

Then it is not the fact he gave you four or any other number of kisses?—No.

Was he there on the Dewalee night?—He was there during that night.

And what happened that night?—Mr. Hamilton had some business in the Fort. Mr. Tritsch and I went with him. We left Mr. Tritsch at the Fort, and I came back with Mr. Hamilton.

And all this time from the 20th till the 22nd had you seen your husband?—No, and I had no idea where he was.

On the 26th did Tritsch sleep in the house?—Yes.

How came he to the house that night?—He was invited by Mr. Hamilton to dinner; but he did not come till a quarter to nine. Then one of the servants came, and [illegible] was in the compound with four other men. Then I felt nervous, because he had threatened to shoot me, and offered to bring him up my room.

At that time your case was pending in the Police Court?—Yes. I had taken out a summons on the 22nd against him for knocking me out of the dog-cart.

And you were nervous?—Yes.

And what did you do?—I sent to the Byculla Police Office for assistance, and Mr. Stirling came. Tritsch was there when he came, and after some time I went to my mother's bedroom, and slept there that night.

And did you know Tritsch was going to remain?—It was not till next morning that I discovered Tritsch had remained in the house.

Is it true you were in the couch in the sitting room when Tritsch lay with his coat and waistcoat off in a chair?—That is untrue.

Well, what happened is that last assault case?—Mr. Braemer was fined Rs. 10.

You were jealous of some lady called Ada?—What made you jealous?—Because he was going to Poona, and would not take me, and I knew the was going with this lady he wrote to as "Ada dearest."

And (producing a letter) why did you write this letter?—I wrote it to [illegible] presence to make him [illegible]

And did you keep the appointment referred to in that letter with Mr. Tritsch at the bandstand?—No.

And this other letter (exhibit B produced) was that written by you?—Yes.

When did you write it?—A few days after the last letter.

Why did you write this?—Because I was so angry Mr. Braemer had not answered my letters to him; because he had gone to Poona, and not taken me; because I heard of his misconduct at Poona; and because Braemer had told me our marriage was not legal, but if we went to Germany he could leave me at any moment.

Then do you know Mr. and Mrs. Mullens?—Yes. They came to our house one day when Braemer was there. Mullens shook her umbrella at him and said "That's the villain." Mr. Braemer apparently thought they were going to say something more for he pushed them out of the room. I then asked him why he had committed adultery with that woman, when he slapped me, and I said no more.

Cross-examined by Mr. Jardine.—Before marriage Braemer was kind enough to make you wish to marry him?—Yes.

The unhappiness did not begin until after marriage?—No.

You mention July 1888 as the time you were on particularly bad terms with your husband?—Yes; and before that too.

It was then, however, you complained of his conduct with Levy's wife?—Yes, I said he had been visiting Levy's wife in his absence.

Then before that were you not on affectionate terms with your husband?—I was always on affectionate terms with him, except latterly.

What do you mean by latterly?—Since September, when I found he did not care for me.

It was in September you met Tritsch first?—No. It was in June. I became acquainted with Tritsch first, when we were out riding.

Well, on the 19th you wrote this letter (Exhibit C)?—I wrote that on the night of the 18th. On the 19th Mr. Braemer went to Poona, and I had intended going to Poona too.

You addressed Mr. Tritsch as "My darling?"—Yes; I never addressed him like that before; in fact we were like strangers to each other.

And what did you mean by saying you would accuse him?—I only meant it as a joke. I intended to do nothing of the kind, and never intended to meet him. I only knew it would make Braemer jealous. I was very angry and very jealous with my husband because he would not take me to Poona, and spoke of that woman Ada whom he called "Ada dearest."

You were very bitter against Ada?—I was not bitter against Ada; but I was angry with my husband.

There is a letter in which you wrote to your husband at Poona "having seen my darling Ada, kiss her for me quietly." Had you been quarrelling about her at that time?—I wrote that because I was angry and jealous, and I knew I could find out easily about him for I had somebody there to watch him. (Laughter.)

And see if he carried out your injunctions?—Yes. (Laughter.)

Before this time, on the occasion of your baby's birthday, did you ever kiss Tritsch, or use any terms of endearment to him?—No.

And what did you mean by writing him beginning "My sweet darling?"—I did it cunningly, because what I wanted I thought I would perhaps not have got out of him in any other way.

And you thought that a proper way to address him "My sweet darling?"—Yes, cunningly. (Laughter.)

And you wound up your letter with love and sweet kisses; did you not think this a very extraordinary way to write to a person whom you say you had only seen three times before, and never kissed?—It was only a coaxing letter.

And you did not mean it?—No.

And did Tritsch ever write to you any letters?—No.

The case was at this point adjourned till to-day.

MEETING OF THE BACK BAY BATHS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE fifth general meeting of the Back Bay Baths Company was held yesterday evening at 5 p.m., at their office at the Kennedy Sea Face, Mr. Duxbury being in the chair. The report for the past year, ending December 31st, 1889, was taken as read, and was as follows:—

The Directors now beg to submit their report for the period ended 31st December 1889, together with the audited accounts made up to the same date. The Bath was well supported during the first part of the year, but the early setting in of the cold weather materially affected the receipts, and during the last three months they have been unusually small. The number of bathers compares with previous years as follows:—1886, 11,763; 1887, 9,950; 1888, 15,173; 1889, 13,094. The premises are kept in efficient repair. The breakwater on the sea-side of the Bath has been further strengthened at a cost of Rs. 283, and some additional expenditure on this work will be necessary during the forthcoming year. A swimming match was held during November. The various events were well contested, but unfortunately, owing to the small attendance of spectators, it resulted again in a loss to the Company. During the months of June, July, and August, the Directors tried as a tentative measure allotting a third week-day for ladies, but it was not found advisable to continue this arrangement. Under the Articles of Association Mr. J. M. Sleater and Mr. J. P. Watson retire from office as honorary directors, but are eligible for re-election, and the Directors recommend their re-election accordingly. The working account shows a profit of Rs. 2,422-2-2, of which the directors propose to appropriate Rs. 900 for deterioration on the building, and recommend a dividend at the rate of six per cent. per annum leaving a balance of Rs. 5-2-2 to carry to next account.

The following motions were carried:—

I.—Proposed by Mr. Duxbury, and seconded by Mr. Uloth, that the Directors' report and auditors' accounts for the past year, be received and adopted.

II.—Proposed by Mr. Shields and seconded by Mr. Bland, that the payment of a dividend be sanctioned.

III.—Proposed by Mr. Uloth, and seconded by Mr. Bland, that Messrs. Slater and Watson be elected directors of the Company.

IV.—Proposed by Mr. Duxbury, and seconded by Mr. Uloth, that Messrs. Lidbetter and Steel be elected auditors for the ensuing year.

The swimming competition, which has been fixed for the 8th of March, and at which his Excellency the Governor is expected to be present, was also discussed. The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman, and to the honorary secretary, Mr. Shields.

AN Anglo-Indian correspondent has sent home a story illustrative of the ingenuity of malingerers in the army. It tells how a certain gunner, known to the writer when he was an officer in the Bengal Artillery, obtained the nickname of "Cupboard Crabb." One day Gunner Crabb went to see the hospital authorities on the subject of a strange affection of the back which compelled him to walk somewhat in the shape of a capital C. Do what he could he found it, he declared, impossible to stand erect. As there was heavy gun-drill, however, going on at this time, Dr. Tritton formed his own opinion of the case, and thereupon ordered Crabb's breakfast to be placed on a high cupboard in the wall, to reach which the patient would have to stand erect. At dinner time, the cook reported Crabb's breakfast to be untouched, which he replaced by a dinner. At his evening visit, Dr. Tritton ordered the same treatment to be repeated, and at the next morning visit he found that it had succeeded, inasmuch as the patient had eaten his dinner, was sitting on his bed, and had declared himself "fit for duty!" "Cupboard Crabb" afterwards confessed that he had tried to deceive "the old doctor," but had found it was "no go."

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

At the Criminal Sessions of the High Court yesterday, the following cases were heard before Mr. Justice Bayley and a common jury:

MANOCKJEE HORMUSJEE AND ANOTHER.

Abdoolah Khan, Barrister, and Abdul Rahman Hossenbhoy, were placed at the bar, the first charged with having on the 23rd November last, counterfeited the Queen's coin by making false two-anna pieces and rupees, with dies in his possession intended for making false coins; and while the second prisoner was charged with abetting the first prisoner in the commission of the offences. Mr. Rivett-Carnac, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown; and Mr. Dinshaw Davar defended the second prisoner.

Mr. Rivett-Carnac, in addressing the jury, said that on the 21st November last the first prisoner went about 8 p.m. to the shop of Gulam Mahomed, a seller of parched grain on the Carnac Road, and purchasing a pice-worth of ground nuts, tendered a two-anna piece. The shopkeeper, finding it [illegible] The shopkeeper [illegible] and on the 24th [illegible] and on the 24th [illegible] and on the 24th

SPORTING NOTES.

For the Babraham Plate quality shows up much better, although the entries number only 27 against 34 last year, and the list includes two Cambridgeshire winners in Laureate and Veracity, the last named of whom will not be sent forthwith to the stud as reported after his failure in the Cesarewitch. Sheen, Gold, Workington, Houndsditch, Evergreen, Ixia, Cotillon, Antibes, Felix, Royal Star, Freemason, and Wistaria Gate help to make up a list of useful performers, and amongst the three-yr-olds are Bercarolle, Bert, and Fatuite, the last named of whom finished third to Riviera and Bel Demonio for the Windsor Castle Stakes at Ascot on the only occasion of her running in public last season. The Double Trial Plate entries are four less than the 32 secured last year, but the Ashley Plate, another two-yr-old stake to be run in the Craven week, has fared better with 40 subscribers against 35 in 1889.

For the First Spring Meeting the Newmarket Two-yr-old Plate, and the May Plate have filled satisfactorily, and the Bunbury Plate, to be run at one of the July meetings, has done exceedingly well, the 47 subscribers being ten in excess of last year. Class, too, is strongly represented, amongst those engaged being Signorino, Narellan, Kirkham, Laureate, Veracity, Miguel, Philomel, Far Niente, Vermilion, Sheen, and Queen of the Dale, of whom the last-named finished up last season with a smart performance when she beat King Monmouth at a difference of 8lb for the Rothschild Plate at Manchester.

A new race to be run by two-yr-olds, at Newmarket, in July—not at the same meeting as the July Stakes—is the Soltykoff Stakes, which has secured 56 entries, three of which belong to the Prince of Wales, who does not, however, subscribe to the Granby Plate at the First October Meeting, or the Criterion Stakes in the Houghton week, the latter of which has held its own fairly well, as there are 30 entries against 21 last year.

Several important races for Ascot closed on "nomination day," and the Coventry Stakes, for two-yr-olds, has commenced in a highly successful manner with 115 subscribers at ten sovs each. The added money amounts to a "thousand," and although ten per cent. and five per cent. of the whole stake will be deducted for the second and third, the prize will be a valuable one for the winner, if not as valuable, in fact, as the New Stakes, which has so long been the chief two-yr-old race of the meeting.

It is pleasing in these days of short cuts and gambling handicaps to find the Gold Cup holding its own so well. For the race to be decided in June next there are 36 subscribers, two more than last year. Thirteen of the nomination are sealed up, but the open ones include seven three-yr-olds, amongst which is the unbeaten Signorina, who on the Sunday before Ascot will take part in the Grand Prize of Paris. The Australian Derby colts, Narellan and Kirkham, are entered, and the juveniles also include the Yorkshire-trained Dauntless, who showed himself in the light of a good stayer last back end.

Donovan stands out conspicuously amongst the four-yr-olds, and he is also in the Alexandrian Plate, so that the Duke of Portland would not seem to entertain the fear that the noise he makes will interfere with his staying powers. Enthusiast, El Dorado, Miguel, Morglay, Gold, Achille, and Clover also represent the "fours," and the seniors include Trayles (who carried off both the Gold Cup and Alexander Plate last year), Sheen, Philomel, and Primrose Day, who is nominated by Mr. E. C. Godfrey.

The Alexandra Plate has filled well, the number of subscribers being the same as last year, but Shall we Remember is a wrong nomination, the race being, as usual, for four-yr-olds and upwards. Most of the seniors in the Cup appear again, and if Trayles attempts to repeat his double event his task should be a more difficult one.

The All-aged Stakes entries number 27 against 35 last year, and there is likewise a falling off in the Windsor Castle Stakes, the subscribers being eleven less than the 8 secured twelve months ago. The Rous Memorial for 1891 has closed with 86 subscribers, one more than last year, and the nominations include Signorino, Riviera, Alloway, Martagon, Rathbeal, Far Niente, Dauntless, Amphion, Claribelle, Margarine, Dearest, Blue Green, Hesaune, and Le Nord, besides many highly bred horses that will be three-yr-old when the race is run, amongst them being Mr. Blundell Maple's Golden Garter, who is wrongly described as "4 yrs."

The Grand National entry is quite as good as could be expected, with the decline of steeple-chasing so apparent, and the 50 entries stipulated for when the promised value of the prize of 2000 sovs was offered, has been exceeded by eleven. Royal Meath, who had been one of the strong "tips," is missing, but most of the others that had been talked about are to be found in the list. Past winners are represented by Voluptuary, Roquefort, Gamecock, and Frigate, and the last named is supported by Dictator and Helmsman. Ireland makes a further show with Come Away, Glenvannon, Citadel, Battle Royal, J.P., and Usna, of whom the last named has not been seen in public since he injured himself so severely in this contest two years ago. It was then feared that he would have to be destroyed, and although he is in work it must be very doubtful whether he will again stand a thorough preparation. Ballot Box, Bellona, M.P., Why Not, Hettie, Macpherson, St. Galmier, The Saint, Cloister, Johnny Longtail, Parasang, and Astrachan are all well-known names in connection with this branch of sport, and Emperor was supposed to be smart before Captain Machell purchased him from Mr. Linde at Liverpool in November, where he made no show in the Hunters' Steeple-chase, won by Citadel. The new hands include Prince Frederick, Phil, and Latania, and France is represented by Fetiche and Content-tout-de-Même. Such as Baccy Pan, Helmet, and Brunswick seem out of place even in these days of poverty, but on the whole the entry is satisfactory. It is stated that the City and Suburban has closed with a stronger entry than last year, and that the Great Metropolitan has not been so well patronised for many years.

Manilla, the well-known greyhound which recently divided the Plumpton Oaks, and had been well placed in various competitions, has been burned to death in a fire at Mr. Fudge's kennels at Dorchester. She had just whelped a splendid litter of puppies, and four of these were suffocated. It is supposed that Manilla knocked over the oil lamp with which the kennel was heated.

Mr. R. F. Green's handbook on "Chess," which is the latest issue of Messrs. Bell and Son's "The Club Series," is published, and can be commended not only to the merest novice in the game, but to the advanced player. A large amount of space is very judiciously devoted to explaining by diagrams the various moves; and the complex details which the beginner must master are set forth in comprehensive array. This is usual, but where Mr. Green's book is almost unique is in the fact that the rules, moves, and openings are explained and illustrated in such a manner that they may be readily comprehended by the masses. The various openings are easily to be understood, and are set forward in unusual detail, every opening of importance being included in the index.

The Cambridge men have entered upon their practice for the great race at Easter. Appended are the names and weights of the men, from which it will be seen that not a single Old Blue was rowing, the crew being composed entirely of men who took part in the last Trial Eights' race:—C. S. Storrs (Emmanuel) (bow) 10st. 5lb.; T. A. Kirkham (Pembroke) 11st. 8lb.; H. E. H. Coombes (Lady Margaret) 11st. 10lb.; E. T. Fison (Corpus) 12st. 8lb.; A. S. Duffield (Trinity Hall) 12st. 13lb.; J. M. Sladen (Trinity Hall) 11st. 7½lb.; R. F. Bevan (Third Trinity) 10st. 7lb.; G. Elin (Third Trinity) 10st. 7lb.; H. Bailey (Trinity Hall) (cox) 8st. 11lb. A Cantabrige correspondent states that the University Boat race will be rowed about half-past eleven on Tuesday morning, the 1st of April, as the tide on the preceding Saturday will not suit.

Cadbury's Cocoa

(REGISTERED)

GUARANTEED PURE — GUARANTEED SOLUBLE

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Cadbury's Cocoa is guaranteed to be pure Cocoa.
Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.
Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.
Cadbury's Cocoa is not reduced in value by the addition of Starch, Sugar, &c.
Cadbury's Cocoa is specially rich in flesh-forming and strength-sustaining qualities.

Cadbury's Cocoa is a gentle stimulant, and sustains against hunger & bodily fatigue.
Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.
In the whole process of manufacturing Cadbury's pure Cocoa, the automatic machinery employed obviates the necessity for its being once touched by the human hand.

PRECAUTION & WARNING.—Always ask for CADBURY'S Cocoa. Always examine your Purchase. See that you have not been induced to accept an Imitation, and be wary of highly coloured and drugged preparations offered as pure Cocoa. Anything of a medicated character associated with Cocoa pur- claims at once that it is not pure.

MORRIS'S SPRING MATTRESSES

DOUBLE WOVEN WIRE.

Beware of Worthless Imitations.

None genuine unless stamped with Registered Mark.

HAVE THE LARGEST SALE IN INDIA.

A great luxury in hot climates.
Unrivalled for elasticity, coolness, and cleanliness.
Never get out of order! Never lose their shape!! Never need repair!!!
ANOTHER GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.
Sold by First-Class Merchants throughout India.
JOHN MORRIS & SONS, ENGINEERS, MANCHESTER.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 2-12 per Gallon.

PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,

BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. R. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER BOMBAY

Telegraphic Address: "CAMBRIAN," LIVERPOOL.

C. W. FIELD, WHOLESALE CHEMIST,

IMPORTER AND DISTILLER OF

ESSENTIAL OILS,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

SOLUBLE FRUIT FLAVOURING ESSENCES,

Directs the attention of the Aerated Water Makers to the following:—

Soluble Essences - { Of the Greatest Strength consistent with Solubility.
Heading Liquid - - { Producing a Creamy Head upon Aerated Waters and Fermented Liquors.
Anti-Ferment - - - { For preserving Syrups, Cordials, or Fruit Juices in all climates.

PURE PHOSPHORIC ACID

Is recommended as an Acidulant in preference to the Compound Acids of indefinite composition offered as Citric substitutes; it being not only free from lead, *but from Sulphuric Acid and all similar admixtures.*
Price—In 10-gallon Casks and Carboys, 10d. per lb. In Jars or Winchester Quarts, 11d. per lb.

FIELD'S HEADING LIQUID

Will be found Economical because of its Great Strength.

C. W. FIELD, CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL.

TILES & MOSAICS of all description for ENTRANCE HALLS, VERANDAHS Ornamental & Glazed tiles for covering Walls, Baths, &c. &c.

THE CAMPBELL TRADE MARK TILE Co.

SPECIAL DESIGNS and Catalogues free on Application

MANUFACTORY STOKE ON TRENT, ENGLAND.

DUBLIN 1872 VIENNA 1873 206 C^t PORTLAND S^t LONDON PARIS 1878. MELBOURNE 188

PATENT WATER-TUBE STEAM BOILERS.

A REVOLUTION IN STEAM PRODUCERS

BEST PROOF OF THIS STATEMENT,

OVER 400,000 H.P. ALREADY IN USE.

ADVANTAGES.—Great Economy; Great Durability; Perfect Safety. Disastrous Explosions Impossible. Equally Safe at Highest Pressures. Easily Cleaned; Easily and Cheaply Repaired. Great Heating Surface in Small Space.

FOR MOUNTAIN TRANSPORT,

Parts not exceeding 300 lbs. weight.

GREAT SAVING IN FREIGHT.

THE BABCOCK & WILCOX CO.,

NEW YORK & GLASGOW.

167, HOPE ST., GLASGOW. 114, NEWGATE ST., LONDON, E.C.

European Works—Kilbowie, near Glasgow. Manchester—3, Victoria Buildings, Parliament St.

NOTICE FOR INDIA.—A copy of the Company's Book, "STEAM," will be sent free on application. It contains diagrams and much information; but is only valuable to those interested in steam.

Apply to NORRIE MITCHELL & Co., 78, Tamarind Lane, Fort Bombay.

FAGGED, WEARY & WORN OUT!!

Anyone whose duties require them to undergo mental or unnatural excitement or strain should use

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."

It allays nervous excitement, depression, and restores the nervous system to its proper condition (by natural means). It is the best preventive and cure for biliousness, sick headache, skin eruptions, impure blood, pimples on the face, giddiness, feverishness, mental depression, want of appetite, sourness of the stomach, constipation, vomiting, thirst, &c., and to remove the effects of errors of eating and drinking.

DRAWING AN OVERDRAFT ON THE BANK OF LIFE.—Late hours, fagged, unnatural excitement, breathing impure air, too rich food, alcoholic drink, gouty, rheumatic, and other blood poisons, biliousness, sick headache, skin eruptions, pimples on the face, want of appetite, heartburn, accidental indigestion, sourness of the stomach, &c., use ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."

OUT OF SORTS!—Extract of letter from a Provincial Chemist:—"We have a great sale for your 'FRUIT SALT.' Indeed, I should not like to be without it for my own use; I seldom, if ever, take anything else when out of sorts."

PHYSICAL AND MENTAL TOIL.—"I am working from between six and seven in the morning until ten or eleven at night, and on Sunday morning I wake up as usual a little after six o'clock; but I am glad that it is a day of rest. My head feels large and heavy. I take two teaspoonfuls of your 'Fruit Salt' half an hour before breakfast, and after breakfast it has removed the load from my head, and I feel 'like a giant refreshed with wine.' For years I have received much benefit from your 'Fruit Salt.' I have recommended it to many.—Yours, &c., A SON OF TOIL.—March, 1885. Mr. J. C. ENO."

IMPORTANT TO MISSIONARIES, NEW GUINEA.—"How I wish I had a dozen bottles of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT!' It is the best medicin I ever had, and the most refreshing drink I have yet tried."—*Explorations by Rev. J. Chalmers, London Missionary Society.*

"THOUSANDS OF MILES IN INDIA."—ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I have found for many years of the utmost value in the hot and dry seasons, also in the monsoons. I have travelled some thousands of miles in India during the last thirteen years, and in all the various changes of climate I have always found ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" the most refreshing beverage I could get, especially after long heavy marches and other fatiguing duties to which the British soldier of late has been exposed to. I am yours, &c., A Warder, at Central Military Prison, Poonah. Bombay, Jan. 30, 1884. To Mr. J. C. ENO.

CAUTION.—*Legal Rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a* WORTHLESS IMITATION. *Sold by all Chemists, &c. Prepared only at* ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, Pomeroy St., London, S.E., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon and Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

ALL GENUINE GOODS ARE LABELLED

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

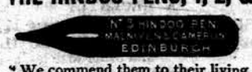
SPECIAL AGENTS FOR

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

"MACNIVEN & CAMERON'S PENS ARE THE BEST."

London Globe.

THE HINDOO PENS, 1, 2, & 3.



"We commend them to their living namesakes."—*Court Journal.*

SOLD ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE WAVERLEY PEN.

"They are a treasure."—*London Standard.*

THE FLYING "J" PEN.

"They come as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."

Writes 100 Words with One Dip of Ink.

2,347 Newspapers recommend them. Sold by all Stationers.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE-AND-CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

MESSRS R. MATHEWS & COMPANY. CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 26, 1875.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members.

Yours obediently, W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, *Secretary.*

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the proprietors of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY; this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the Corks and Capsules to see that they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses

Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants, London.

NOTICES.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

The advertisement and recommendation of any quack medicine is unnecessary. It cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Itch, and Blood Disorders, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Blotches, and Skin Diseases of all kinds, it is a most valuable remedy, and in Chronic Rheumatism it has never been equalled.

It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Throats.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Carbuncles Cures.
Cures Blotches on the Skin.
Cures Boils and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cleans the Blood from all Impure matter, From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and tissues.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and wonderfully free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic preparation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good, safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."

"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin diseases."—On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes.—Messrs. A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India, June 1888.

West Cowes, Isle of Wight September, 1889.

"Dear Sirs,—Through the merits of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red patches which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these blotches, thinking that nothing would do any good. At last I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am very grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling, because they can see the difference for themselves. You can publish this if needful. I am, grateful yours,

"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 6d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the worst cases, can be had of all CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the World. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CAUTION.

Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GOLD MEDAL-PARIS 1878

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

SOLD BY ALL STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL AND FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AT THE CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL AND BURT,

POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.

GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots.	Superior in style and excellent in quality	Finest quality procurable
Patent Elastic Dress Boots.		
Parade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf.		
Balmoral Boots.	21s.	25s.
Button Boots.		

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES POST FREE.

LADIES' WALKING BOOTS.

ELASTIC OR TO BUTTON.

Excellent quality, much approved	18s. 6d.
Very superior	21s. 6d.
Finest possible quality	25s. 6d.
Satin, Kid, and Patent "Louise" Evening Shoes	10s. 6d.
Morocco Oxford House Shoes	5s. 6d.
Do. do. with French heels	7s. 6d.
New Slipper for Ladies, cool material, soft and pretty	5s. 6d.

FOR LONG WALKS.

HYGEIA BOOTS,

(*Registered*)

with specially adapted Soles, Heels, Materials and Form.

LADIES' 30s. GENTLEMEN'S 35s.

Fully described in New Catalogue. Every Order, *accompanied by remittance for the price*, will be sent POST PAID, and, if possible, delivered by the first mail after its receipt.

The Hygeia Boots being an entirely new invention, T. D. M. and B. are making Children's Boots on the same principle.

A Brown Hand or Shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.

Cheques to be crossed Bank of England.

Remittances may be made in Government of India notes, which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT,

4, OXFORD STREET LONDON.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

CHAMPAGNES

GIESLER & CO.'S "INDIA BRAND" CHAMPAGNE, wherever introduced, has been invariably admired, and is undoubtedly the best Wine of its class IMPORTED INTO INDIA.

CASH PRICES.....Quarts Rs. 57 0 PINTS Rs. 32 0

	Per dozen. Bottles.	Per Half Bottles.
PERRIER JOUET'S FINEST DRY.. ..... Rs.	55 0	30 0
Do. do. RESERVE CUVEE ..... „	65 0	37 0
HEIDSIECK'S DRY MONOPOLE ..... „	65 0	36 0
ROEDERER'S RESERVE..... „	65 0	37 8
KOCH FILS ..... „	55 0	30 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

WINE MERCHANTS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

MARCKS & Co., LD.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND DIAMOND MERCHANTS.

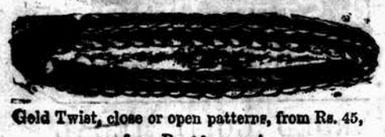
THE Illustrations below are a few Specimens of their Extensive and Varied Stock of Bangles and Bracelets. Messrs. MARCKS & Co., LD., invite the favour of an early inspection by intending Purchasers. :—

Gold Bracelet, artistically set with 13 very fine Brilliants, Rs. 850.

Gold Bangles, set with fine pearls, in various designs, from Rs. 55, or from Rs. 110 per pair in case.

Gold "Daisy" Bangles, set with fine pearls, from Rs. 30, or from Rs. 60 per pair in a case.

Plain and Fancy Gold Bangles as above, in great variety, from Rs. 35.



Gold Twist, close or open patterns, from Rs. 45, or from Rs. 90 per pair.

Gold Bands, plain, engraved, or fluted, from Rs. 50.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.

"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."
PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.

The Prize Medal, Dublin Exhibition, 1865,

20, GREAT TICHFIELD STREET, LONDON, W.

STONE'S BOTTLING

BASS GREEN DIAMOND.

Can be obtained of Messrs. MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO., GILLANDERS & CO., G. F. KELLNER & CO., CALCUTTA; and of the principal dealers in India.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

Cookery Books can be had at the office of this paper.

VAUGHAN-JONES'

EXTRA **"C.I.C."** OLD

(Registered Trade Mark)

HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY

Special Blend of the Finest Campbeltown, Islay, and Blended Glenlivets.

Two Grades { Black Label, Very Old. White „ Special Reserve, Extra Old.

C. DAY & CO., SOLE AGENTS, LONDON;

ALSO FOR THE FAMOUS

"JOHN JAMESON" BOTTLED WHISKEY.

Stock of the Great Eastern Hotel Company, Calcutta, and all dealers throughout India.

BUYING AGENTS WANTED.

GRAND JEWEL SALE.

Under Instructions from the

DOWAGER MAHARANI OF BURDWAN,

On an Early Date,

MESSRS. HAMILTON & CO.

Will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION

A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF RARE

And HISTORICAL JEWELS, Many of

which are ABSOLUTELY MATCHLESS,

Further Particulars will shortly be Announced.

HAMILTON & CO.,

GOVERNMENT JEWELLERS,

CALCUTTA.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.

We have received a large Consignment of Hunting Saddles, with Buck Skin Seat, from .....Rs. 45 0 to Rs. 50.

Curb Bridles, complete with Bits.....Rs. 14 0

Pelham Bridles with Bit .....Rs. 9 8

A large Selection of Girths, Bits, Stable Brushes, Horse Clothing, Spurs and Stable Requisites, Sundries, Sam Brown Belts, and Military Accoutrements.

Repairs of every description executed in a superior manner.

SADDLERS & HARNESS MAKERS.

BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

METAL BODIED RUBBER TYPE!

JUST THE THING FOR EVERY FAMILY!

PATENT METAL-BODIED RUBBER TYPE.

PERFECTLY CLEAR, BLACK, AND INDELIBLE.

PRINTS VISITING CARDS HANDSOMELY.

THE MOST PERFECT OUTFIT FOR FAMILY PRINTING EVER PRODUCED.

A New and Radical Improvement in

CLOTHING MARKERS!

A RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTION

For RUBBER FACING METAL TYPE, enables us to offer a most complete and satisfactory Outfit for Printing Cards, Labels, &c., Marking Books, and other articles, and especially for

INDELIBLY MARKING UPON LINEN,

WITH ELEGANCE, CLEARNESS AND PERMANENCY UNSURPASSED, AND AT THE SAME TIME REQUIRING THE LEAST POSSIBLE AMOUNT OF SKILL OR TROUBLE

Rs. 7 BUYS A FAMILY OUTFIT,

Consisting of 110 pieces of PATENT METAL-BODIED RUBBER TYPE, with Holder, Ink, &c sufficient to set up and print any name, and change any number of times.

BLOOMFIELD & Co.,

RUBBER STAMP MANUFACTURERS,

20, CHURCH-GATE STREET, BOMBAY,

(LATE BANGALORE).

Send for our Illustrated Price List, and when ordering, particular care should be taken that the Name, Address, &c., is very legibly written.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COCHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients professed they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged, by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Gift of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

DR. R. G. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific remedy for the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BATTY'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

G. A. CHARPIE & CO.,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS AND AGENTS

THE universal favour that the Watches of our own manufacture have met with, under whatever name or style they have been offered in every part of the world, fully justifies us in stating that they are the best, especially the most honest articles in the market. They are warranted free from such common materials as the "garnet stone" for jewelling, which wear out and grind away the pivots and acting surfaces in sometimes less than 5 years.

We do not actually manufacture for the Trade, not being able to compete with the imitation Watches now so largely advertised and sold in India, where Traders and Retailers want "Profits" and the least costly goods to make money with. In sending your orders to us you are certain to get a genuine Watch.

The following Ruby Jewelled Watches, from our new Illustrated Catalogue, are recommended :—

No. 36.—	New style (as illustration.) Hunter sterling silver, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 6 ruby holes, 11 ruby jewels, adjusted ... ... Rs.	25 0
	Chased and engraved cases ... ... „	26 8
No. 39a.—	Half Hunter, very heavy and massive sterling silver case, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 ruby jewels, adjusted... ... ... „	35 0
	Chased and richly engraved cases ... ... „	37 0
No. 46.—	"Longines," 1st Quality, Hunter, Ladies' Watch, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 ruby jewels, adjusted ... ... „	38 0
	Chased and richly engraved cases ... ... „	40 0
No. 50.—	"Longines," 1st Quality, Half Hunter, Ladies' Watch, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 ruby jewels, adjusted... ... ... „	40 0
	Chased and richly engraved cases ... ... „	43 0
	These are the highest quality Ladies' Silver Watches procurable.	
No. 34.—	Massive sterling silver case, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 6 ruby holes, 11 ruby jewles, adjusted ... ... „	20 8
	Chased and engraved cases ... ... „	22 0
No. 74 & 74a.—	Keyless Lever Calendar Watches, small medium size, pure nickel cases (not plated), warranted to keep always the same white bright colour... Rs. 23 and „	30 0
No. 69.—	"The Empress," 1st quality, a fine, high class keyless Watch. Much approved and tried ... ... Rs.	12-8 no

New Illustrated Catalogue, sent free on Application, gives full particulars about above Watches and Warranty Periods.

G. A. CHARPIE AND CO.,

Bombay: 15, Hornby Road.

Calcutta: 2, Chowringhee.

HIGHEST HONOURS: PARIS, MELBOURNE, BARCELONA.

PIPECLAY SUPERSEDED!

To Officers Commanding European & Native Regiments.

USE **PICKERING'S BLANCO**

FOR THE GENERAL'S INSPECTION VISIT.

It smartens up all accoutrements customarily whitened. Suitable for Sepoy's Gaiters and for Cavalry Gauntlets. Superior for Helmets and Belting. The Soldier can carry it in his knapsack. The Civilian will please see that his Native Servant substitutes BLANCO for the white chalk of the Bazaar, with which Ram Bakah streaks his master's helmet and "mucks" his canvas shoes. BLANCO for every description of white Leather, Tennis Balls and Cricketing gear.

SOLD AT: *Calcutta*—ARNOTT & Co.; LEDGER, SMITH & Co.; H. CLARK; J. P. MADAN. *Bombay*—BALLANTINE AND Co.; W. WATSON & Co. *Madras*—OAKES & Co. *Allahabad*—H. CLARK; PARSON & Co. *Mussoorie*—FINCH & Co.; H. CLARK. *Meerut*—SPENCER & Co. *Lucknow*—J. O'CONNOR. *Rawalpindi*—T. H. PARSONS. *Naini Tal*—J. O'CONNOR. *Moorfurpore*—J. D. JACKSON.

Wholesale Manufacturers, JOSEPH PICKERING & SONS, Sheffield, England.

Canbe obtained in large quantities by Canteens, &c., from RICHARD DICKESY & Co. Export Merchants, Mansell St. London.

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

SOUTHALLS'

SANITARY TOWELS

FOR LADIES.

ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—"One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen, in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated."

A Disideratum of the highest importance increased comfort, cleanliness: Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

MANUFACTURED IN TWO QUALITIES,

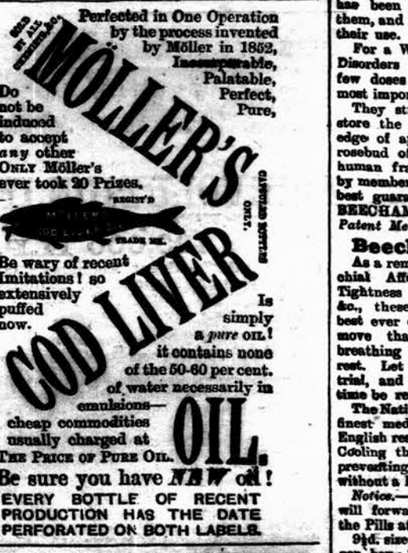
No. 1 and 2, SUITING ALL CLASSES.

☞ *For protection against useless and injurious imitations, each Packet bears the Signature of the Patentees.*

SOUTHALL BROS. AND BARCLAY,

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

Special wholesale and Retail Agents for the Bombay Presidency: Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. *For the Bengal Presidency:* Bathgate and Co., Calcutta. *Agents in the Punjab:* Ball Hawes and Co., Umballa. *Agents in Madras:* Peake Allen & Co. *Agents in the Bombay Presidency:* Tomson & Taylor, Bombay; Cooper Madon & Co. Ld., Bombay; Kemp and Co., Ld. Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Mrs. J. Noble, Bombay. *Agents for Kurrachee and Sind:* E. Speechly, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Kurrachee. Plomer & Co., Lahore.



Perfected in One Operation by the process invented by Möller in 1852, Incomparable, Palatable, Perfect, Pure,

Do not be induced to accept *any* other ONLY Möller's ever took 20 Prizes.

Be wary of recent Imitations! so extensively puffed now.

Is simply a *pure* OIL! it contains none of the 50-60 per cent. of water necessarily in emulsions—cheap commodities usually charged at THE PRICE OF PURE OIL.

Be sure you have *NAW* on!

EVERY BOTTLE OF RECENT PRODUCTION HAS THE DATE PERFORATED ON BOTH LABELS.

TRADE MARK.

G. & J. ZAIR'S WHIPS

Are Sold by respectable Saddlers and Dealers throughout India.

Gained the First Prize at Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide Exhibitions, and a Diploma of Special Merit.

MANUFACTORY AND SHOW ROOM—

BIRMINGHAM.

FOR SALE.

I.—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Esq. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this Office and at the Bookstalls.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness; Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes.

Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all humours, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found equal to Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box, they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health. This has been proved by thousands who have tried them, and found the benefits which are ensured by their use.

For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, and all Disorders of the Liver, they act like magic, and a few doses will be found to work wonders on the most important organs in human machine.

They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with the rosebud of health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are FACTS testified continually by members of all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is, BEECHAM'S PILLS *have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the world.*

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills.

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing, &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give Beecham's Cough Pills a trial, and the most violent Cough will in a short time be removed.

The Natives of India will find Beecham's Pills the finest medecine ever introduced to their notice; the English residents also will find them of great value for Cooling the Blood: as for throwing off Fevers and preventing inflammation in hot climates, they stand without a Rival.

Notice.—Messrs. NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co. will forward, on receipt of letters, Sample Boxes of the Pills at the following rates. :—

9½d. size, 9 annas per box; 1s. 1½d. size, 1¼ annas per box; 2s. 9d. size, 2 Rupees per box. These rates do not include the cost of postage, which will be added to the amount.

Chemists and Storekeepers can obtain the wholesale Rates on application.

Prepared only by the Proprietor Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England—in boxes 9½d., 1s. 1½d., and 2s. 9d. each, with which full directions are given.

Sold by all Druggists and Patent medicine Dealers everywhere.

Sole Agents for India:

NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & CO.,

Wholesale Dept., 35, Clive Street, Calcutta.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN [illegible] at the Bombay Gazette Steam Press, [illegible] Bombay.—Saturday, 1st February 1890.